Site Assessments of Rejected Green Belt Sites for Broad Location 9

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

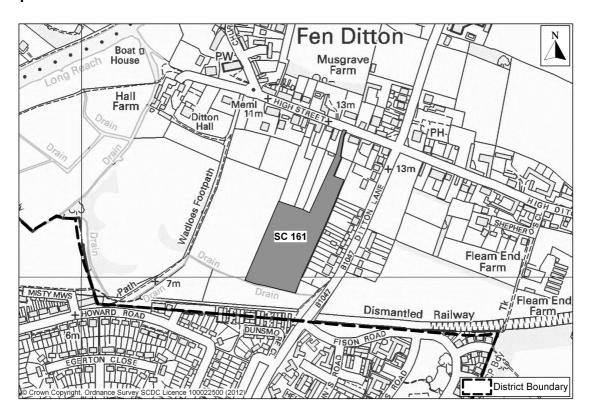
Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information Broad Location 9 Fen Ditton
Site reference number(s): SC161

Site name/address: High Street, Fen Ditton

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the south of High Street and west of Ditton Lane on the south western edge of Fen Ditton. It adjoins residential properties to the northern and eastern boundaries, and paddocks to the west and south, separating Fen Ditton from Cambridge. An area of trees in long rear gardens to the west screens the northern part of the site. The site comprises paddock which is well screened by hedgerow on all sides, except adjoining land immediately to the rear of 11 High Street.

Current use: Paddock

Proposed use(s): Residential development

Site size (ha): 1.69

Assumed net developable area: 1.52

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 46

Site owner/promoter: known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA Call for Sites

Relevant planning history:

The Panel Report into the draft Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Structure Plan published in February 2003 considered proposals for strategic large scale development around Fen Ditton. At paragraph 8.56 the panel finds that "significant urban expansion in this location would completely overwhelm the village of Fen Ditton which currently retains a clear separate identity as one of Cambridge's necklace of villages'. At paragraph the panel concludes that "major development in this location would provide the opportunity to carry out the management and enhancement of the landscape surrounding Fen Ditton which is recommended in the LDA Study. However, neither this nor any other benefit which this location might offer in terms of sustainable development, in our view, outweighs the likely loss of the integrity of Fen Ditton as a separate settlement which would result from such development. Moreover, enhancement of the landscape in this area does not need to be dependent on new development. In terms of impact on one of the necklace of villages which form an important part of the character and setting of Cambridge, the Panel do not see any material difference between this location and that to the east of Airport Way. We conclude that this is not a location which should accommodate major development of a strategic scale."

Strategic scale.		
Level 1 Part A: Strategic Considerations		
Conformity with the Counci	l's Sustainable Development	Strategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		T -
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone? Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Flood risk zone 1 G = Low risk	Green: Green:Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 2.48km ACF	Red: Depending on the type of development impacts on the Historic Core will be very limited
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	RR = Very significant impacts	Red Red: Development of the site will extend the built area of Fen Ditton significantly towards

To maintain and enhance	A = Medium and	Cambridge and link with existing development on Ditton Lane. Only a small area of separation will remain.
the quality of the setting of Cambridge	medium/minor impacts	Medium: Lying within the North east Cam corridor, development would have medium effects on the wider setting of Cambridge viewed from the north and more locally from footpaths to the west.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	G = No or negligible impact on views	Green: Low level developments would have little impact on Key views
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would not directly affect the soft green edge of the city, but development could alter the character of the approach to and village of Fen Ditton the and wider views from the north and footpaths to the west.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: Low level development would not directly affect the Urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	A = Negative impact from loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation	Amber: The site would be within the North East Cam River Corridor, and could possibly affect close views and approaches to the Corridor from the north and south.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red: Development of the whole site would add a significant extension to Fen Ditton and further change the built form of the village. It would also reduce visual and physical separation of the village from the urban edge of Cambridge

A landscape which has a strongly rural character Overall conclusion on Green	G = No impacts or impacts capable of mitigation RR = Very high and high	Green:Development would infill small paddocks and link built areas of the village and so reduce the rural character of the village edge. And alter the character of the village landscape between Fen Ditton and Cambridge. Red, Red:
Belt	impacts	
Impact on national Nature C	onservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	G = Site is not near to an	Green:
upon a Site of Special	SSSI with no or negligible	
Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	impacts	
Impact on National Heritage		Comments
Criteria Will allocation impact upon a	Performance	Croons
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: Grade II* Listed 10 High Street is approximately 25m to the north east, Grade II* Ditton Hall and barn and Church of St Mary Virgin are 220m to the west. There are several Grade II Listed buildings along High Street and within the wider Conservation Area, the closest is approximately 30m to the east.
Part B: Deliverability and ot		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: The Highway Authority also has concerns in relationship to the provision of suitable inter vehicle visibility splay for this site.
		The promoter states that land on the eastern side of the access shown is part garden let on a short term license, and can be used to widen the access.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Green:
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber: Regarding sites in

have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Green: Information from Call for Sites questionnaire.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - No significant impact on existing network Mains water - The site falls within the CWC Cambridge Distribution Zone, within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within Cambridge Distribution Zone to supply the number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an

		increase in capacity of the
		zone will require either an
		upgrade to existing boosters
		and / or new storage
		reservoir, tower or booster
		plus associated mains.
		Gas – Fen Ditton has mains
		gas supply and the site is
		likely to be able to be
		accommodated with minimal
		disruption or system
		reinforcement.
		Mains sewerage - There is
		sufficient capacity at the
		WWTW to accommodate
		this development site. The
		sewerage network is
		approaching capacity and a
		pre-development
		assessment will be required
		to ascertain the specific
		capacity of the system with
		regards to this site. If any
		mitigation is deemed
		necessary this will be
		funded by the developer.
Would development of the	A = School capacity not	Amber: Fen Ditton has one
site be likely to require new	sufficient, constraints can be	Primary School with a PAN
education provision?	appropriately mitigated	of 25 and school capacity of
		175, and lies within the
		catchment of Bottisham
		Village College. In their
		2011 submission to the
		South Cambridgeshire and
		City Infrastructure Study, the
		County Council stated there
		was a surplus of 10 primary
		places in Fen Ditton taking
		·
		account of planned
		development in Fen Ditton.
		After allowing for sumply-
		After allowing for surplus
		school places, development
		of this site would be likely to
		require an increase in school planned admission
		numbers, which may require
		the expansion of existing
		schools and/or provision of
		new schools.
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green:
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	
and Waste LDF?	area.	
		

Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Location within a
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	zone will not in itself prevent
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		development, it depends
Safeguarding Zone?		upon the nature of the
		development and its height.
		No erection of buildings,
		structures or works
		exceeding, 15.2m/50ft in
		height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	G = <400m	Green: 0.38km ACF – Ditton Lane
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: 0.50km ACF – East Barnwell Health Centre. The doctors surgery in Cambridge has some capacity to grow.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:
Site integration with existing communities	A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities	Amber:
How far is the nearest secondary school?	A = 1-3km	Amber: 2.91km ACF – Manor Community College
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m	Green: 0.48km ACF - Fen Ditton Community Primary School
	SCDC:	Control
	G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green:
Accessibility to outdoor facilities and green spaces		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected	G=No	Green:

by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space	G=Yes	Tiot applicable
be replaced according to		
CLP Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space		
or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve	G = Assumes minimum on-	
any protected open space	site provision to adopted	Green:
would development of the	plan standards is provided	
site be able to increase the	onsite	
quantity and quality of		
publically accessible open space / outdoor sports		
facilities and achieve the		
minimum standards of		
onsite public open space		
(OS) provision?		
Supporting Economic Grov	vth	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1 km or allocation is for	Green: 0.79km ACF –
employment centre?	or includes a significant	nearest employment 2000+
	element of employment or	employees
	is for another non- residential use	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green:
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	
land identified in the	employment development	
Employment Land Review?		
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green:
development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas	
areas or Cambridge!	(LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	
tuonomout comitos is		
transport service is	transport service	
accessible at the edge of		
•		Red: Approximately 1.02km
accessible at the edge of the site?	transport service	Red: Approximately 1.02km ACF to the Science Park

station?		Station, further by available routes.
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Red:There is no provision for cyclists at the southern end of Horningsea Road.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4 criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 24
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6)	144m ACF to nearest bus stop (196 service). 164m ACF to nearest bus stop (Citi 3 service).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Less than hourly service (196 service). 10 minute service (Citi 3).
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion – Cambridge, Drummer Street Bus Station). Citi 3 service: 20 minute journey time. (Cambridge, Fison Road – Cambridge, Emmanuel Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	2.48km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Green:Just over 1000m from the A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality? Are there potential noise	G = Minimal, no impact, reduced impact G = No adverse effects or	Green:Environmental Health to complete and consider scope for appropriate mitigation Green:The A14 lies to the
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capable of full mitigation	East. Traffic noise will need assessment in accordance with PPG 24 and associated guidance. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment. However residential use is likely to be acceptable with careful noise mitigation — therefore no objection in principle.
	principle. Noise: Generation Off-site Some minor to moderate additional off-site road traffic noise generation on existing residential due to development related car movements but dependent on location of site entrance. Possible to mitigate but may require s106 agreements.
G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	Green:
	Comments
G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green:
	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination Performance G = Not within SPZ1 or

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)

Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	G = Site does not contain	Green:
upon a historic	or adjoin such areas, and	
park/garden?	there is no impact to the	
Mould dovolopment imm = =+	setting of such areas	Dad Northorn part of the air-
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the	Red:Northern part of the site adjoins the Conservation
upon a Conservation Area:	setting of such an area with	Area and the access point is
	potential for significant	within it. The Fen Ditton
	negative impacts incapable	Conservation Area Appraisal
	of appropriate mitigation	(2006) describes Fen Ditton
		as an essentially linear
		village which has resulted in
		a very narrow, serpentine
		form with an almost complete absence of backland
		development, the only
		exceptions being a few
		modern houses. The village
		has an unmistakably rural
		feel with its grass verges,
		large trees and its bucolic
		riverside setting. The high
		proportion of good quality buildings and spaces means
		that the streetscene and
		townscape is of exceptional
		quality even though the scale
		is modest.
		The agricultural character of
		the village is very important
		especially at the eastern end
		of the village, along High Ditch Road, where
		(converted) barns line the
		road and there are views of
		the fine groups of farm
		buildings. The linear nature
		of much of the village also
		means that views out into the
		open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from
		many parts of the village.
		many parts of the village.
		Attractive water meadows lie
		between the village and the
		river and these, combined
		with the surrounding fields
		serve visually to separate the
		village from the city. The low-lying land (Ditton
		Meadows) means that the
		south-western village edge is
		clearly defined by the trees

		around the church and the Ditton Hall buildings on slightly higher ground. The setting of the hall is important.
		Where the High Street joins Church Street is a war memorial, from which Wadloes Footpath leads south to become a narrow, well treed passage that eventually connects with paths to the river. Soon after it leaves High Street there are views of the impressive gables of Ditton Hall and then some long views to the edge of Cambridge city across the fields. The green space immediately east of Wadloes Footpath is important in giving views direct from High Street south towards Fen Ditton Fields across the intervening green wedge of countryside.
Would dovolonment impact		Development would have a significant adverse impact on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The site forms an important part of the setting of the Conservation Area, and several Grade II* and II Listed Buildings. It would not be possible to mitigate impacts on the historic environment because backland development would result in the loss of the green rural backdrop and is out of character with the linear settlement pattern.
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to	Green:
Would development impact upon archaeology?	the setting of such buildings A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber:The site is located to the south of the historic village core. Finds of Roman date are known in the vicinity. Further information would be necessary in advance of any

	planning application for this site.

Making Efficient Hea of Land		
Making Efficient Use of Lan Criteria		Commonto
	Performance C. Noutral Development	Comments Green: Grade 3.
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	G = Neutral. Development would not affect grade 1 and 2 land.	Green: Grade 3.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red:
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:
Biodiversity and Green Infra		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	G = Does not contain, is not adjacent to or local area will be developed as greenspace	Green:
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	A = No significant opportunities or loss of existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber:
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	A = Development would have a negative impact on existing features or network links but capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Fenland landscapes support species and habitats characterised by intensive agriculture due to the high quality soil. This has restricted biodiversity in some parts. However, drains, hedges and field margins provide refuge for species such as barn owl, corn bunting and skylark. Washlands provide temporary areas of flooded grassland that are important for plants such as the marsh foxtail, tufted hair-grass and narrow-leaved water dropwort. Important numbers of wintering wildfowl maybe found on flooded fields. The network of drainage ditches in places still retain water voles with otters occasionally found

		into the fens where suitable fish stocks are found. Any development proposals should show how features of biodiversity value have been protected or adequately integrated into the design.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:
protected by a Tree		
Preservation Order (TPO)?		

Any other information not captured above?

Important Countryside Frontage – approximately 149m to the west and 72m to the east.

Public Rights of Way - the Wadloes footpath lies approximately 110m to the west of the site.

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Very significant impact on Green Belt purposes - Significant negative impact
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	on Listed Buildings Red:Significant Conservation constraints
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	Red:
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

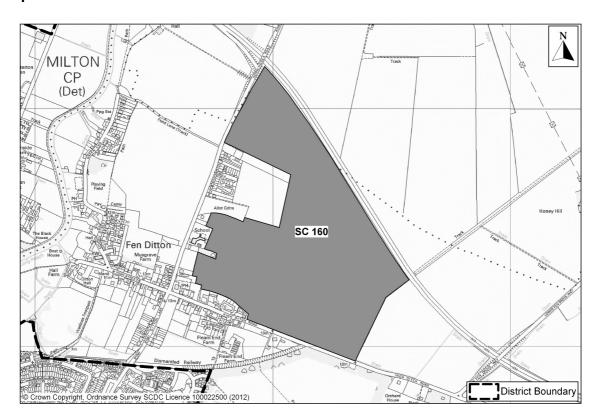
Site Information

Site reference number(s): SC160

Site name/address: Land at Fen Ditton (east of Ditton Lane)

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the east of Horningsea Road, north of High Ditch Road and south of the A14, on the north eastern edge of Fen Ditton. Small groups of residential properties lie to the west and south west. Fleam Dyke and a former railway line lie in the south east of the site. The site comprises several large agricultural fields, divided by patchy low level hedgerows. Further open agricultural land surrounds the site to the north west, north, east and south east, and the site is very visible from higher ground, including from Horningsea Road from the north.

Note: the site adjoins sites SC036, SC159 and SC254 to the west.

Current use: Agricultural

Proposed use(s): Residential development

Site size (ha): 52.44

Assumed net developable area: 20.98

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 629

Site owner/promoter: Known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA Call for Sites

Relevant planning history:

Local Plan 2004 Inspector considered land east of Horningsea Road – stating that "despite the isolated (although sizeable) group of houses at the northern end, a significant proportion of the frontage included in the objection site is currently undeveloped. There are no exceptional circumstances to warrant removing the land from the Green Belt and I find no merit in the suggestion that any part of the larger site be brought within the village framework.

Travelling north out of Fen Ditton beyond that point there is very open land on the western side of Horningsea Road. While there are alternating developed and undeveloped frontages on the eastern side the overall impression is that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind. In my view the single house and school are seen as incidental development within the open landscape which commences immediately to the north of the main continuously built-up part of the village. They therefore form part of a wider area contributing to Green Belt purposes. In the circumstances I consider it anomalous to retain the undeveloped field, single house and school as a finger of 'excluded' land projecting into the Green Belt. In my view this situation amounts to an exceptional circumstance justifying a local amendment to the Green Belt boundary to include the undeveloped field, the house and the school."

The Panel Report into the draft Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Structure Plan published in February 2003 considered proposals for strategic large scale development around Fen Ditton. At paragraph 8.56 the panel finds that "significant urban expansion in this location would completely overwhelm the village of Fen Ditton which currently retains a clear separate identity as one of Cambridge's necklace of villages'. At paragraph the panel concludes that "major development in this location would provide the opportunity to carry out the management and enhancement of the landscape surrounding Fen Ditton which is recommended in the LDA Study. However, neither this nor any other benefit which this location might offer in terms of sustainable development, in our view, outweighs the likely loss of the integrity of Fen Ditton as a separate settlement which would result from such development. Moreover, enhancement of the landscape in this area does not need to be dependent on new development. In terms of impact on one of the necklace of villages which form an important part of the character and setting of Cambridge, the Panel do not see any material difference between this location and that to the east of Airport Way. We conclude that this is not a location which should accommodate major development of a strategic scale."

Level 1 Part A: Strategic Considerations		
Conformity with the Council	's Sustainable Development S	Strategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green:Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.

Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 3.22km ACF	Red:The site is extremely large open and low lying at about 10m AOD. Large scale development on this site would represent a major eastwards extension and form a new skyline blocking views to Fen Ditton Village and Cambridge beyond and would introduce a very significant extension of urban form. It would change the setting and key views from the east and north
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	R = Significant negative impacts	Green:Development would not physically link Fen Ditton with Cambridge but visually would significantly reduce the value of existing separation. The scale of potential development could overwhelm the village of Fen Ditton.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	RR = Very high and high impacts	Red Red:Development would introduce significant urban forms into the foreground setting and affect supporting landscape.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	R = Significant negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Red: Development would significantly affect Key views to Cambridge from the north and east.
Soft green edge to the City	R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation.	Red: Development would not directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north and east.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green:Significant Development would

The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor RR = Very significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red Red: Significant development of the site would be hugely out of scale
villages (SCDC only)		with Fen Ditton village, would add significant urban areas to the north and east, it would create an urban gateway to the village, reduce the function of separation between Fen Ditton and Cambridge and block views to the village centre from the north and east. Limited development may be possible to some central and western areas of the site.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red: Significant development of the site would produce an urban approach to Fen Ditton village, its setting and Cambridge Visually Cambridge will be extend significantly eastwards.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	RR = Very high and high impacts	Red, Red: Significant development of the site would urbanise approaches to Fen Ditton and Cambridge and form an urban skyline viewed from the north and east.
Impact on national Nature Conservation Designations		
Criteria Would allocation impact	Performance	Croons
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage Criteria	Assets Performance	Commonts
Will allocation impact upon a	G = Site is not on or adjacent	Comments Green:
Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	to a SAM	G. 5011.

Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: There are several Grade II Listed buildings along High Ditch Road to the south, including numbers 6, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23 and 25; the closest is approximately 30m to the south.
Part B: Deliverability and oth Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green A junction located on High Ditch / Horningsea Road would be acceptable to the Highway Authority. The proposed site is acceptable in principle subject to detailed design. The Highway Authority would like to highlight the close proximity of the primary school to this development.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber In the Highway Authority's opinion a significant level of infrastructure will be required to encourage more sustainable transport links which; such infrastructure will extend beyond the confines of the site.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Regarding sites in the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of

		Cambridge.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:Multiple owners, ransom strips, covenants, existing use agreements etc
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: Call for Sites questionnaire states that development could commence before 2016. This is considered to be unrealistic for a site of this size.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - Not supportable from existing network. Significant reinforcement and new network required. Mains water - The site falls within the CWC Cambridge Distribution Zone, within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within Cambridge Distribution Zone to supply the number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and / or new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas – Fen Ditton has mains gas supply and the site is likely to be able to be accommodated with minimal disruption or system reinforcement.

Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the WWTW to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a pre-development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer. Amber: Fen Ditton has one Primary School with a PAN of 25 and school capacity of 175, and lies within the catchment of Bottisham Village College. In their 2011 submission to the South Cambridgeshire and City Infrastructure Study, the County Council stated there was a surplus of 10 primary places in Fen Ditton taking account of planned development in Fen Ditton. After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new schools. The site is adjacent to the village
		new schools. The site is
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	G = Site is not within an allocated or safeguarded area.	Green:
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Amber: Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the

development and its height. No erection of buildings, structures or works exceeding, 15.2m/50ft in
height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber:1.00km ACF – Ditton Lane. A de0velopment of this scale would be expected to make some local shopping provision.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: 1.13km ACF - East Barnwell Health Centre. The doctors surgery in Cambridge has some capacity to grow. A site of this scale can be assumed to also provide for its own health needs.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:
Site integration with existing communities	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses	Red: Development on this scale could not be successfully integrated into Fen Ditton.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	R = >3km	Red: 3.54km ACF – Manor Community College km from home to school).
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: G = <400m or non-housing allocations or site large enough to provide new school SCDC: G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green 0.40km ACF - Fen Ditton Community Primary School A development of this scale would be expected to provide an additional primary school or expanded local provision.
Would development protect	G = No effect or would	Green:

the shopping hierarchy,	support the vitality and	
supporting the vitality and	viability of existing centres	
viability of Cambridge,		
Town, District and Local		
Centres?	ilities and green energy	
Accessibility to outdoor fac		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result	G=No	Green:
in the loss of land protected		
by Cambridge Local Plan		
policy 4/2 or South		
Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which		
is protected only because of		
its Green Belt status).	D. N.	N P. I.I.
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space	G=Yes	
be replaced according to		
CLP Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green:
any protected open space	site provision to adopted	Green.
would development of the	plan standards is provided	
site be able to increase the	onsite	
quantity and quality of	- Onore	
publically accessible open		
space / outdoor sports		
facilities and achieve the		
minimum standards of		
onsite public open space		
(OS) provision?		
(,		
Supporting Economic Grov	vth	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	A = 1-3km	Amber: 1.04km ACF – nearest
employment centre?		employment 2000+ employees
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green:
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	
land identified in the	employment development	
Employment Land Review?		
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green:
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived	
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas	
	(LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments

What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	A = service meets requirements of high quality public transport in most but not all instances	Amber: Over 400m from HQPT.
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: 1.59km ACF – Science Park Station
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Red: There is no provision for cyclists at the southern end of Horningsea Road.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4 criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 800m (3)	479m ACF to nearest bus stop (196 service). 674m ACF to nearest bus stop (Citi 3 service).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Less than hourly service (196 service). 10 minute service (Citi 3).
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion – Cambridge, Drummer Street Bus Station).
		Citi 3 service: 20 minute journey time. (Cambridge, Fison Road – Cambridge, Emmanuel Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.22km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	R = Within or adjacent to an AQMA, M11 or A14	Red: Adjoins the A14.

Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Amber: This proposal is located close to the Councils' Air Quality Management Area and is of a significant size. Extensive and detailed air quality assessments will be required to assess the cumulative impacts of this and other proposed developments within the locality on air quality along with provision of a Low Emissions Strategy. This information will be required prior to further comment.
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Significant Road Transport noise. The east of the site bounds the A14 and there is a high level of ambient / diffuse traffic noise. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment. Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises.
		Site similar to North West Cambridge and at least half the site nearest the A14 is likely to be NEC C (empty site) for night: PPG24 advice "Planning permission should not normally be granted. Where it is considered that permission should be given, for example because there are no alternative quieter sites available, conditions should be imposed to ensure a commensurate level of protection against noise".
		Residential could be acceptable with high level of mitigation: combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic

noise (single aspect, limited height, sealed non-openable windows on façade facing A14, acoustically treated alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Noise berms / barriers?.

However before this site is allocated for residential development it is recommended that these noise threats / constraints are thoroughly investigated in accordance with PPG 24: Planning and Noise and associated noise guidance for any new housing. This site requires a full noise assessment including consideration of any noise attenuation measures such as noise barriers / berms and practical / technical feasibility / financial viability.

NOISE: Recreation & Commercial The West of the site will be immediately adjacent to Fen Ditton Primary School & Sports Grounds. Such a short distance separation between recreation and residential is unlikely to be in accordance with SCDCs Open Space SPD. Minor to moderate noise related issues from recreation uses. Potential noise nuisance from School eg plant & equipment and classroom uses which should be considered prior to allocation. Noise not quantified but could be mitiagted off site if an issue by s106 but requires full cooperation of school etc. Site should not be allocated until these issues have been considered and mitigation options feasibility etc considered.

		Noise: Generation Off-site Some minor to moderate additional off-site road traffic noise generation on existing residential due to development related car movements but dependent on location of site entrance. Possible to mitigate but may require \$106 agreements.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: Former railway across site, requires assessment, can be conditioned
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green:

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green:
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: The south western part of the site adjoins the Fen Ditton Conservation Area. The Fen Ditton Conservation Area Appraisal (2006) describes Fen Ditton as an essentially linear village which has resulted in a very narrow,

serpentine form with an almost complete absence of backland development, the only exceptions being a few modern houses. The village has an unmistakably rural feel with its grass verges, large trees and its bucolic riverside setting. The high proportion of good quality buildings and spaces means that the streetscene and townscape is of exceptional quality even though the scale is modest.

The agricultural character of the village is very important especially at the eastern end of the village, along High Ditch Road, where (converted) barns line the road and there are views of the fine groups of farm buildings. The linear nature of much of the village also means that views out into the open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from many parts of the village.

Development would have a significant adverse impact on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The LP2004 Inspector considered that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind once north of High Ditch Road. Development of this very large agricultural site will be very visible from the wider landscape and would be completely out of scale with the existing village. The site forms an important part of the setting of the Conservation Area, and several Grade II* and II Listed Buildings. It would not be possible to mitigate impacts on the historic environment because backland development would result in the loss of the green rural backdrop and is out of character with the linear settlement pattern.

Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green:
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: There is evidence for extensive prehistoric and Roman activity in the area, including a Roman settlement known from cropmarks to the north. The site is also located to the north of the route of the Fleam Dyke, an earthwork boundary of Saxon date. Further information would be necessary in advance of any planning application for this site.

	M. L. '. Fee . ' I II I		
Making Efficient Use of Land			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development lead to	R = Significant loss (20 ha	Red:Majority of the site is	
the loss of the best and	or more) of grades 1 and 2	Grade 2, the rest Grade 3.	
most versatile agricultural	land		
land?	5. 11	5 .	
Would development make	R = No	Red:	
use of previously developed			
land (PDL)? (CITY)	A N.	A 1	
Would development make	A=No	Amber:	
use of previously developed			
land (PDL)? (SCDC)			
Biodiversity and Green Infra		Comments	
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development impact	G = Does not contain, is not	Green:	
upon a locally designated	adjacent to or local area will		
wildlife site i.e. (Local	be developed as		
Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife	greenspace		
Site)			
Does the site offer	G = Development could	Green:A site of this scale will	
opportunity for green	deliver significant new green	have significant opportunities	
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure	for the delivery of green	
ililiastructure delivery:	iiii astructure	infrastructure.	
Would development reduce	A = Development would	Amber: Fenland landscapes	
habitat fragmentation,	have a negative impact on	support species and habitats	
enhance native species,	existing features or network	characterised by intensive	
and help deliver habitat	links but capable of	agriculture due to the high	
restoration (helping to	appropriate mitigation	quality soil. This has	
achieve Biodiversity Action	appropriate magation	restricted biodiversity in some	
Plan targets?)		parts. However, drains,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		hedges and field margins	
		provide refuge for species	
		such as barn owl, corn	
		bunting and skylark.	
		Washlands provide temporary	

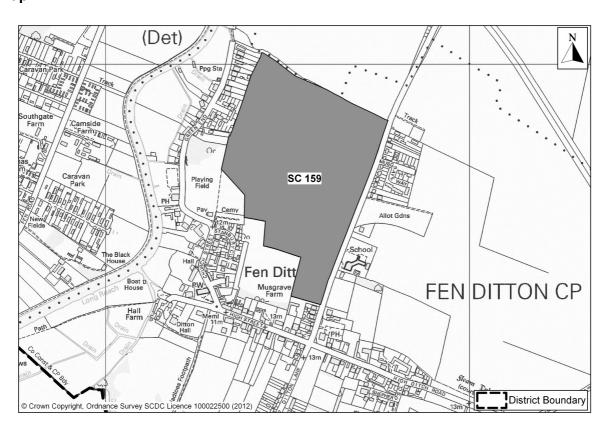
		areas of flooded grassland that are important for plants such as the marsh foxtail, tufted hair-grass and narrow-leaved water dropwort. Important numbers of wintering wildfowl maybe found on flooded fields. The network of drainage ditches in places still retain water voles with otters occasionally found into the fens where suitable fish stocks are found. Any development proposals should show how features of biodiversity value have been protected or adequately integrated into the design.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:
Any other information not of	aptured above?	
	•	
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison	D. Cignificant constraints	Ded
Level 1 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Very significant impact on Green Belt purposes - Significant negative impact on Listed Buildings
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red:- Distant from existing services and facilities - Significant Conservation constraints
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	Red
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information
Site reference number(s): SC159
Site name/address: Land at Fen Ditton (west of Ditton Lane)
Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the west of Horningsea Road, on the northern edge of Fen Ditton. The site adjoins residential development in the south eastern corner and to the north western edge. To the west are playing fields and to the south west is a cemetery, adjacent to further residential properties. To the south a paddock separates the site from properties along High Street. The south eastern part of the site comprises a small paddock and the remainder of the site is one large agricultural field. Both fields are largely surrounded by hedgerow, although patchy to the eastern boundary with Horningsea Road.

Note: the site adjoins sites SC036, SC160 and SC254 to the east.

Current use: Agricultural

Proposed use(s): Residential development

Site size (ha): 17.19

Assumed net developable area: 8.6

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 258

Site owner/promoter: Known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA Call for Sites

Relevant planning history:

Previous attempts to gain planning permission on land along the Horningsea Road frontage have been unsuccessful (C/223/58, C/224/58 and C/0228/58) as the housing need was being met elsewhere and the site is outside the development area, in the Green Belt and it is intended that the land should remain in agricultural use. The proposal would constitute ribbon development along an important class III road and would be inappropriate within an Area of Great Landscape Value.

The Panel Report into the draft Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Structure Plan published in February 2003 considered proposals for strategic large scale development around Fen Ditton. At paragraph 8.56 the panel finds that "significant urban expansion in this location would completely overwhelm the village of Fen Ditton which currently retains a clear separate identity as one of Cambridge's necklace of villages'. At paragraph the panel concludes that "major development in this location would provide the opportunity to carry out the management and enhancement of the landscape surrounding Fen Ditton which is recommended in the LDA Study. However, neither this nor any other benefit which this location might offer in terms of sustainable development, in our view, outweighs the likely loss of the integrity of Fen Ditton as a separate settlement which would result from such development. Moreover, enhancement of the landscape in this area does not need to be dependent on new development. In terms of impact on one of the necklace of villages which form an important part of the character and setting of Cambridge, the Panel do not see any material difference between this location and that to the east of Airport Way. We conclude that this is not a location which should accommodate major development of a strategic scale."

Level 1 Part A: Strategic Considerations		
Conformity with the Council	's Sustainable Development St	trategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 2.91km ACF	Red: The site is large open and low lying at about 10m AOD A footpath linking to Green end and the River runs

the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City. To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge RR = Very high and high impacts Red Red:Development would introduce significant urban forms into the foreground and affect supporting landscape key views from the north and the adjacent North East Cam Corridor Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Red: Development would significantly affect Key views to Cambridge from the north Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Soft green edge to the City R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. Red: Development would not directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Distinctive urban edge G = Not present A = Negative impact from loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation. RR = Very significant RR = Very significant RR = Red: Significant Andrea: A	To provent communities in	D. Cignificant possitive	along its northern edge. Large scale development on this site would form a new skyline blocking viws to Fen Ditton Village and Cambridge beyond and would introduce significant development into key views from the north.
Impacts Impacts Impacts Impacts Introduce significant urban forms into the foreground and affect supporting landscape key views from the north and the adjacent North East Cam Corridor Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Key views of Cambridge / Important views R = Significant negative impact from loss or degradation of views. Red: Development would significantly affect Key views to Cambridge from the north Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site.	from merging into one	R = Significant negative impacts	Cambridge but visually would significantly reduce the value
Important views impact from loss or degradation of views. Soft green edge to the City R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. Red: Development would not directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Distinctive urban edge Green corridors penetrating into the City Distinctive urban edge Green corridor, but capable of mitigation RR = Very significant Red: Development would not directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Amber: Any development would affect the North East Cam Corridor viewed from the north and east. Red Red: Significant	quality of the setting of		introduce significant urban forms into the foreground and affect supporting landscape key views from the north and the adjacent North East Cam Corridor Limited development may be possible to the north west of
edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Distinctive urban edge Green corridors penetrating into the City A = Negative impact from loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation ARR = Very significant directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site. Creen: Amber: Any development would affect the North East Cam Corridor viewed from the north and east. Red Red: Significant		impact from loss or	significantly affect Key views to Cambridge from the north Limited development may be possible to the north west of
Green corridors penetrating into the City A = Negative impact from loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation Amber: Any development would affect the North East Cam Corridor viewed from the north and east. The distribution, physical RR = Very significant Red Red: Significant	Soft green edge to the City	edge, significant negative impacts incapable of	directly affect the soft green edge physically but would significantly reduce it's qualities when viewed from the north. Limited development may be possible to the north west of
into the City loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation would affect the North East Cam Corridor viewed from the north and east. The distribution, physical RR = Very significant Red Red: Significant	Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green:
		loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation	would affect the North East Cam Corridor viewed from
	The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and	RR = Very significant negative impacts incapable of	Red Red: Significant development of the site

character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	satisfactory mitigation	would be out of scale with Fen Ditton village, would add significant urban areas to the north, create an urban gateway to the village, reduce the function of separation between Fen Ditton and Cambridge and block views to the village centre from the north and east. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red: Significant development of the site would produce an urban approach to Fen Ditton and Cambridge. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	RR = Very high and high impacts	Red, Red: Significant development of the site would urbanise approaches to Fen Ditton and Cambridge and form an urban skyline viewed from the north and east. Limited development may be possible to the north west of the site.
Impact on national Nature Co	onservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage		0
Criteria Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	Performance G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: Grade II* Listed 10 High Street is approximately 85m to the south, and The Old Rectory (195m), Church of St Mary Virgin (197m) and Ditton Hall and barn (316m) to the south west. There are several Grade II Listed buildings along High Street

		(including numbers 5, 16, 19 21 and 50), and along Church Street (including numbers 4, 6, 8, 20, and 22), and along Green End (including numbers 4, 7, 21, 49 and 51). There are also other Listed Buildings in the wider Conservation Area. The site forms an important part of the setting of the Conservation Area, and several Grade II* and II Listed Buildings. It would not be possible to mitigate impacts on the historic environment.
Part B: Deliverability and oth	er constraints	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: A junction located on Horningsea Road would be acceptable to the Highway Authority. The proposed site is acceptable in principle subject to detailed design. The Highway Authority would like to highlight the close proximity of the primary school to this development.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber:
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Regarding sites in the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of

	Cambridge.				
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:			
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?					
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 Amber: Construction I start first or within 5-1				
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - Likely to trigger local 11,000-Volt reinforcement. Mains water - The site falls within the CWC Cambridge Distribution Zone, within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within Cambridge Distribution Zone to supply the number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and / or new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas - Fen Ditton has mains gas supply and the site is likely to be able to be accommodated with minimal disruption or system reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the WWTW to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a			

Would development of the site be likely to require new	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be	pre-development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer. Amber: Fen Ditton has one Primary School with a PAN of
education provision?	appropriately mitigated	25 and school capacity of 175, and lies within the catchment of Bottisham Village College. In their 2011 submission to the South Cambridgeshire and City Infrastructure Study, the County Council stated there was a surplus of 10 primary places in Fen Ditton taking account of planned development in Fen Ditton.
		After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new schools.
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	G = Site is not within an allocated or safeguarded area.	Green:
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Amber: Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height. No erection of buildings, structures or works exceeding, 15.2m/50ft in height.

Level 2				
Accessibility to existing ce	Accessibility to existing centres and services			
Criteria	Performance	Comments		
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	R = >800m	Red: 1.01km ACF – Ditton Lane		
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	R = >800m	Red: 1.13km ACF – East Barnwell Health Centre. The doctors surgery in Cambridge		

		has some capacity to grow.		
	, , ,			
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:		
Site integration with existing communities	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses	Red: Development on this scale could not be successfully integrated into Fen Ditton.		
How far is the nearest secondary school?	A = 1-3km	Amber: 3.00km ACF – Manor Community College		
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference:	Green: 0.27km ACF - Fen Ditton Community Primary School		
	G = <400m or non-housing allocations or site large enough to provide new school			
	SCDC:			
	G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school			
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green:		
Accessibility to outdoor fac				
Criteria Wayld dayslanmant result	Performance	Croon		
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=No	Green :		
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy	R=No G=Yes	Not applicable		

SF/9 (for land in South			
Cambridgeshire)?			
If the site does not involve	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green:	
any protected open space	site provision to adopted		
would development of the	plan standards is provided		
site be able to increase the	onsite		
	Unsite		
quantity and quality of			
publically accessible open			
space / outdoor sports			
facilities and achieve the			
minimum standards of			
onsite public open space			
(OS) provision?			
Supporting Economic Grov	vth		
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
How far is the nearest main	A = 1-3km	Amber: 1.33km ACF – nearest	
employment centre?		employment 2000+ employees	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green	
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	3.3011	
land identified in the			
	employment development		
Employment Land Review?	O Mitheir on a life and t	Cuasa	
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green	
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived		
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas		
	(LSOA) within Cambridge		
	according to the Index of		
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.		
Sustainable Transport			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
What type of public	A = service meets	Amber: Over 400m from HQPT.	
transport service is	requirements of high quality		
accessible at the edge of	public transport in most but		
the site?	not all instances		
	Total motarioo		
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	Red: 1.05km ACF – Science	
existing or proposed train		Park Station, more by available	
station?		routes.	
	D. No avalina previaian ar		
What type of cycle routes	R = No cycling provision or	Red: There is no provision for	
are accessible near to the	a cycle lane less than 1.5m	cyclists at the southern end of	
site?	width with medium volume	Horningsea Road.	
	of traffic. Having to cross a		
	busy junction with high		
	busy junction with high		
	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to		
	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor		
	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local		
SCDC Would development	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Total Score = 21	
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path. RR = Score 0-4 from 4	Total Score = 21	
reduce the need to travel	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path. RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21	
reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path. RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4	Total Score = 21	
reduce the need to travel	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path. RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21	

	and and a fact			
	criteria below			
	G = Score 15-19 from 4			
	criteria below			
	GG = Score 19-24 from 4			
	criteria below			
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Within 800m (3)	200m ACF to nearest bus stop		
Distance to a bus stop / rail	` '	(196 service).		
station		(,		
otation.		788m ACF to nearest bus stop		
		(Citi 3 service).		
SCDC Sub-indicator:	10 minute service or better	Less than hourly service (196		
		,		
Frequency of Public	(6)	service).		
Transport		(2.1.1.1.42)		
		10 minute service (Citi 3).		
SCDC Sub-Indicator:	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey		
Typical public transport		time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion –		
journey time to Cambridge		Cambridge, Drummer Street		
City Centre		Bus Station).		
		<i>'</i>		
		Citi 3 service: 20 minute		
		journey time. (Cambridge,		
		Fison Road – Cambridge,		
		Emmanuel Street).		
CCDC Cub indicators	Un to Ekm (6)	2.91km ACF		
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	2.91KIII ACF		
Distance for cycling to City				
Centre				
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise			
		_		
Criteria	Performance	Comments		
		Comments Amber: This proposal is located		
Criteria	Performance			
Criteria Is the site within or near to	Performance A = <1000m of an AQMA,	Amber: This proposal is located close to the A14 Air Quality		
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the	Performance A = <1000m of an AQMA,	Amber: This proposal is located close to the A14 Air Quality Management Area and is of a		
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the	Performance A = <1000m of an AQMA,	Amber: This proposal is located close to the A14 Air Quality Management Area and is of a significant size. Extensive and		
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the	Performance A = <1000m of an AQMA,	Amber: This proposal is located close to the A14 Air Quality Management Area and is of a significant size. Extensive and detailed air quality assessments		
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the	Performance A = <1000m of an AQMA,	Amber: This proposal is located close to the A14 Air Quality Management Area and is of a significant size. Extensive and detailed air quality assessments will be required to assess the		
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and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator? capable of adequate mitigation

Transport

The east of the site is approximately 400m from the A14 and there is a high level of ambient / diffuse traffic noise. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment. Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises.

At least half the site nearest the A14 is likely to be NEC C (empty site) for night: PPG24 advice "Planning permission should not normally be granted. Where it is considered that permission should be given, for example because there are no alternative quieter sites available, conditions should be imposed to ensure a commensurate level of protection against noise".

Residential could be acceptable with high level of mitigation: combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic noise (single aspect, limited height, sealed non-openable windows on façade facing A14, acoustically treated alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Nnoise berms / barriers options?

However before this site is allocated for residential development it is recommended that these noise threats / constraints are thoroughly investigated in accordance with PPG 24: Planning and Noise and associated noise guidance

		for any new housing. This site requires a full noise assessment including consideration of any noise attenuation measures such as noise barriers / berms and practical / technical feasibility / financial viability.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Is there possible contamination on the site?	G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	Green:
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)					
Criteria	Performance	Comments			
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green			
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: A small part of the site to the south east is within the Fen Ditton Conservation Area, and the site adjoins to the south and part of the western boundaries. The Fen Ditton Conservation Area Appraisal (2006) describes Fen Ditton as an essentially linear village which has resulted in a very narrow, serpentine form with an almost complete absence of backland development, the only			

exceptions being a few modern houses. The village has an unmistakably rural feel with its grass verges, large trees and its bucolic riverside setting. The high proportion of good quality buildings and spaces means that the streetscene and townscape is of exceptional quality even though the scale is modest. The agricultural character of the village is very important especially at the eastern end of the village, along High Ditch Road, where (converted) barns line the road and there are views of the fine groups of farm buildings. The linear nature of much of the village also means that views out into the open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from many parts of the village. Development would have a significant adverse impact on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The LP2004 Inspector considered that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind once north of High Ditch Road. Development of this very large agricultural site will be very visible from the wider landscape and would be completely out of scale with the existing village. It would also have a detrimental impact on the linear and rural character of the village. The site forms an important part of the setting of the Conservation Area, and several Grade II* and II Listed Buildings. It would not be possible to mitigate impacts on the historic environment. Would development impact G = Site does not contain Green: upon buildings of local or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to interest (Cambridge only) the setting of such buildings Would development impact A = Known archaeology on Amber: The site is located to the

upon archaeology?	site or in vicinity	north of the historic village core. Evidence for the earlier medieval village core survives as earthworks to the west. Cropmarks to the north indicate the location of a settlement of Roman date. Further information would be necessary in advance of any planning application for this site.
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Marking Pitters at Land					
Making Efficient Use of Land					
Criteria	Performance	Comments			
Would development lead to	A = Minor loss of grade 1	Amber: Majority of the site is			
the loss of the best and	and 2 land	Grade 2, the rest Grade 3 and			
most versatile agricultural		Grade 4			
land?					
Would development make	R = No	Red:			
use of previously developed					
land (PDL)? (CITY)					
Would development make	A=No	Amber:			
use of previously developed					
land (PDL)? (SCDC)					
Biodiversity and Green Infra					
Criteria	Performance	Comments			
Would development impact	G = Does not contain, is not	Green:			
upon a locally designated	adjacent to or local area will				
wildlife site i.e. (Local	be developed as				
Nature Reserve, County	greenspace				
Wildlife Site, City Wildlife					
Site)					
Does the site offer	G = Development could	Green:			
opportunity for green	deliver significant new green				
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure				
Would development reduce	A = Development would	Amber: Fenland landscapes			
habitat fragmentation,	have a negative impact on	support species and habitats			
enhance native species,	existing features or network	characterised by intensive			
and help deliver habitat	links but capable of	agriculture due to the high			
restoration (helping to	appropriate mitigation	quality soil. This has restricted			
achieve Biodiversity Action	appropriate mitigation	biodiversity in some parts.			
Plan targets?)		However, drains, hedges and			
Fiair largels!)					
		field margins provide refuge for			
		species such as barn owl, corn			
		bunting and skylark.			
		Washlands provide temporary			
		areas of flooded grassland that			
		are important for plants such			
		as the marsh foxtail, tufted			
		hair-grass and narrow-leaved			
		water dropwort. Important			
		numbers of wintering wildfowl			
		maybe found on flooded fields.			
		The network of drainage			

		ditches in places still retain water voles with otters occasionally found into the fens where suitable fish stocks are found. Any development proposals should show how features of biodiversity value have been protected or adequately integrated into the design.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:
Any other information not of	aptured above?	
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts	- Very significant impact on Green Belt purposes - Significant negative impact on Listed Buildings
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Distant from existing services and facilities - Significant Conservation constraints
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	Red:
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

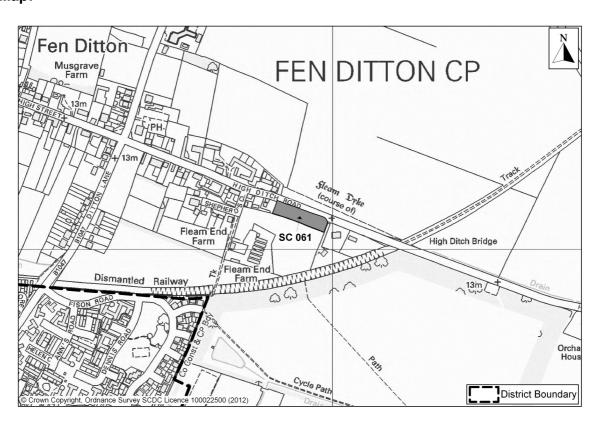
Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information
Site reference number(s): SC061

Site name/address: Land off High Ditch Road, Fen Ditton
Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the south of High Ditch Road on the eastern edge of Fen Ditton. It adjoins residential properties to the east and west. Fleam End Farm and paddock land lies to the south and open agricultural land lies to the north. The site comprises a small semi-enclosed paddock, with hedgerow to the southern and eastern edges but exposed to the western and part of the northern boundaries.

Current use: Paddock

Proposed use(s): 10 dwellings

Site size (ha): 0.32

Assumed net developable area: 0.32

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 10
Site owner/promoter: Known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA Call for Sites

Relevant planning history:

There have been attempts to gain permission for one or two dwellings on the site (C/179/58/ and C/261/71), which were refused for being in the Green Belt and the need for housing was being met elsewhere. It was also considered the proposed development would spoil the character of the area.

Le	vel	1				
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Level 1 Part A: Strategic Considerations		
Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.
Green Belt		3
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 3.00km ACF	Red: The Site Lies to the east of Fen Ditton, north of High Ditch Road. The site is low lying at about 10m AOD and flat Little effect on the Historic Core of Cambridge. Development would front directly onto High Ditch Road.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would not physically link to Cambridge by could possibly reduce visual separation when viewed from the north.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	G = Minor and minor/negligible impacts	Green: Development would introduce additional urban forms into the near landscape when viewed from the north
Key views of Cambridge /	G = No or negligible impact	Green: Low impact - The site

Important views	on views	lies to the east of key low level views to Cambridge, and world add some urban elements to the foreground of views from the north
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would introduce more urban forms into wider views of the soft green edges.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: Development would not have a direct effect on the City edge
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: Development would lie close to the North East Cam corridor, but would not directly affect it.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	RR = Very significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red, Red: The development would significantly extend Fen Ditton to the east along High Ditch Road and form a new entrance to the village. It would have significant effects on the conservation are. Due to the position and dimensions of the site mitigation will be difficult.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The landscape east of Fen Ditton is more open and of larger scale than closer to the village, but development would form a new urban edge and would be highly visible from the east
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	RR = Very high and high impacts	Red, Red: Development would have generally low effects on the setting of Cambridge but more significant impacts on Ten Ditton village
Impact on national Nature C		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	G = Site is not near to an	Green:
upon a Site of Special	SSSI with no or negligible	
Scientific Interest (SSSI)? Impact on National Heritage	impacts Assets	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a	G = Site is not on or adjacent	Green:
Scheduled Ancient	to a SAM	G. 0011.

Monument (SAM)?		
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: There are several Grade II Listed buildings along High Ditch Road, including numbers 6, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23 and 25; the closest is approximately 130m to the west.
Part B: Deliverability and oth	ner constraints	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: A junction located on High Ditch Road would be acceptable to the Highway Authority. The proposed site is acceptable in principle subject to detailed design.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Green:
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Green: Regarding sites in the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Green: Information from Call for Sites questionnaire.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of	Amber: Electricity - No significant impact on existing network

infractructure?	appropriate mitigation	Maine water The site falls
infrastructure?	appropriate mitigation	Mains water - The site falls within the CWC Cambridge
		Distribution Zone, within
		which there is a minimum
		spare capacity of 3,000
		properties based on the peak
		day for the distribution zone,
		less any commitments
		already made to developers.
		There is insufficient spare
		capacity within Cambridge
		Distribution Zone to supply
		the number of proposed properties which could arise
		if all the SHLAA sites within
		the zone were to be
		developed. CWC will
		allocate spare capacity on a
		first come first served basis.
		Development requiring an
		increase in capacity of the
		zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters
		and / or new storage
		reservoir, tower or booster
		plus associated mains.
		Gas – Fen Ditton has mains
		gas supply and the site is
		likely to be able to be
		accommodated with minimal
		disruption or system
		reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is
		sufficient capacity at the
		WWTW to accommodate this
		development site. The
		sewerage network is
		approaching capacity and a
		pre-development
		assessment will be required
		to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with
		regards to this site. If any
		mitigation is deemed
		necessary this will be funded
		by the developer.
Would development of the	A = School capacity not	Amber: Fen Ditton has one
site be likely to require new	sufficient, constraints can be	Primary School with a PAN
education provision?	appropriately mitigated	of 25 and school capacity of
		175, and lies within the
		catchment of Bottisham
		Village College. In their
		2011 submission to the
		South Cambridgeshire and

		City Infrastructure Study, the County Council stated there was a surplus of 10 primary places in Fen Ditton taking account of planned development in Fen Ditton. After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new schools.
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	G = Site is not within an allocated or safeguarded area.	Green:
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Amber: Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height. No erection of buildings, structures or works exceeding, 15.2m/50ft in height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: 0.72km ACF – Ditton Lane
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	R = >800m	Red: 0.86km ACF - East Barnwell Health Centre. The doctors surgery in Cambridge has some capacity to grow.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:
Site integration with existing communities	A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities	Amber:
How far is the nearest secondary school?	R = >3km	Red: 3.32km ACF - St Bede's Inter-Church Comprehensive School
How far is the nearest	City preference:	Amber/Green: 0.46km ACF –

		Face Distance 2: 5:
primary school?	A = 400-800m	Fen Ditton Community Primary School
	SCDC:	
	G = <1km or non housing	
	allocation or site large enough to provide new	
	school	
Would development protect	G = No effect or would	Green:
the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local	support the vitality and viability of existing centres	
Centres?	ilitias and green anges	
Accessibility to outdoor factoriteria	Performance	Comments
	G=No	Green:
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=N0	Green:
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	G=Yes	
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically accessible open space / outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space (OS) provision?	G = Assumes minimum on- site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	Green: On site provision would not be expected on a site of this size.
Supporting Economic Grow	/th	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or	Green: 0.74km ACF – nearest employment 2000+ employees

	is for another non-	
	residential use	
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green:
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Green:
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	G = High quality public transport service	Green:
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: Approximately 1,500 as the crow flies, further by available routes.
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Red: There is no provision for cyclists at the southern end of Horningsea Road.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4 criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 22
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 600m (4)	408m ACF to nearest bus stop (196 service). 406m ACF to nearest bus stop (Citi 3 service).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Less than hourly service (196 service). 10 minute service (Citi 3).
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion – Cambridge, Drummer Street Bus Station).

		Citi 3 service: 20 minute journey time. (Cambridge, Fison Road – Cambridge, Emmanuel Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.00km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	A = <1000m of an AQMA, M11 or A14	Amber: Within 610m at closest point.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	G = Minimal, no impact, reduced impact	Green:
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: The A14 lies to the East. Traffic noise will need assessment in accordance with PPG 24 and associated guidance. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment. However residential use is likely to be acceptable with careful noise mitigation — combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic noise (single aspect, limited height, dual aspect with sealed non-openable windows on façade facing Roads, acoustically treated alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Commercial shielding or noise berms / barriers options? Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises.

The Eastern wedge of the site is immediately adjacent to industrial units at Fleam End Farm, High Ditch Rd with medium sized industrial type units / uses including light industrial and a vehicle repair workshop. These are unlikley to be considered compatible uses.

Noise from activities and vehicle movements are material considerations with significant negative impact potential in terms of health and well being and a poor quality living environment and possible noise nuisance.

Odour may also be an issue.

It is unlikely that mitigation measures on the proposed development site alone can provide an acceptable ambient noise environment. Noise insulation / mitigation abatement measures could be required off-site at the industrial units but there is uncertain as to whether these would be effective. Such mitigation measures are likely to require the full cooperation of the business operators and section 106 planning / obligation requirements may be required and there are no guarantees that these can be secured. Without mitigation any detrimental economic impact on existing businesses should also be considered prior to allocation.

Before any consideration is given to allocating this site for residential development it is recommended that these noise constraints are thoroughly investigated and duly considered / addressed including consideration of mitigation by undertaking odour and noise impact / risk

		assessments in accordance with PPG 24 Planning and Noise and associated guidance.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Is there possible contamination on the site?	G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	Green:
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green:

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green:
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: The western part of the site is within the Fen Ditton Conservation Area, adverse impact on character. The Fen Ditton Conservation Area Appraisal (2006) describes Fen Ditton as an essentially linear village which has resulted in a very narrow, serpentine form with an almost complete absence of backland development, the only exceptions being a few modern houses. The village has an unmistakably rural feel with its grass verges, large trees and its bucolic riverside setting. The high proportion of

good quality buildings and spaces means that the streetscene and townscape is of exceptional quality even though the scale is modest. The agricultural character of the village is very important especially at the eastern end of the village, along High Ditch Road, where (converted) barns line the road and there are views of the fine groups of farm buildings. The linear nature of much of the village also means that views out into the open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from many parts of the village. Development would have a significant adverse impact on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The LP2004 Inspector considered that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind once north of High Ditch Road. Development of this very large agricultural site will be very visible from the wider landscape and would be completely out of scale with the existing village. It would also have a detrimental impact on the linear and rural character of the village. Would development impact G = Site does not contain Green: upon buildings of local or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to interest (Cambridge only) the setting of such buildings Would development impact A = Known archaeology on Amber: The site is located to the south of the route of the upon archaeology? site or in vicinity Fleam Dyke, an earthwork boundary of Saxon date. Cropmarks to the north indicate the location of a settlement of Roman date. Further information would be necessary in advance of any planning application for this site.

Making Efficient Use of Land

Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to	G = Neutral. Development	Green: Grade 3
the loss of the best and	would not affect grade 1 and	
most versatile agricultural	2 land.	
land?		
Would development make	R = No	Red:
use of previously developed		
land (PDL)? (CITY)		
Would development make	A=No	Amber:
use of previously developed		
land (PDL)? (SCDC)		
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact	G = Does not contain, is not	Green:
upon a locally designated	adjacent to or local area will	
wildlife site i.e. (Local	be developed as	
Nature Reserve, County	greenspace	
Wildlife Site, City Wildlife		
Site)		
Does the site offer	A = No significant	Amber:
opportunity for green	opportunities or loss of	
infrastructure delivery?	existing green infrastructure	
,	capable of appropriate	
	mitigation	
Would development reduce	A = Development would	Amber: Fenland landscapes
habitat fragmentation,	have a negative impact on	support species and habitats
enhance native species,	existing features or network	characterised by intensive
and help deliver habitat	links but capable of	agriculture due to the high
restoration (helping to	appropriate mitigation	quality soil. This has
achieve Biodiversity Action		restricted biodiversity in some
Plan targets?)		parts. However, drains,
		hedges and field margins
		provide refuge for species
		such as barn owl, corn
		bunting and skylark.
		Washlands provide temporary
		areas of flooded grassland
		that are important for plants
		such as the marsh foxtail,
		tufted hair-grass and narrow-
		leaved water dropwort.
		Important numbers of
		wintering wildfowl maybe
		found on flooded fields. The
		network of drainage ditches in
		places still retain water voles
		with otters occasionally found
		into the fens where suitable
		fish stocks are found. Any
		development proposals
		should show how features of
		biodiversity value have been
		protected or adequately
		integrated into the design.

Are there trees on site or	G = Site does not contain or	Green:
immediately adjacent	adjoin any protected trees	
protected by a Tree		
Preservation Order (TPO)?		
·	androna di ala assa O	

Any other information not captured above?

The site is within the area covered by the Cambridge East AAP.

A footpath lies approximately 50m to the south of the site.

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts	- Very significant impact on Green Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Distant from existing services and facilities - Distant from Secondary School - Significant Conservation constraints
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	Red:
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

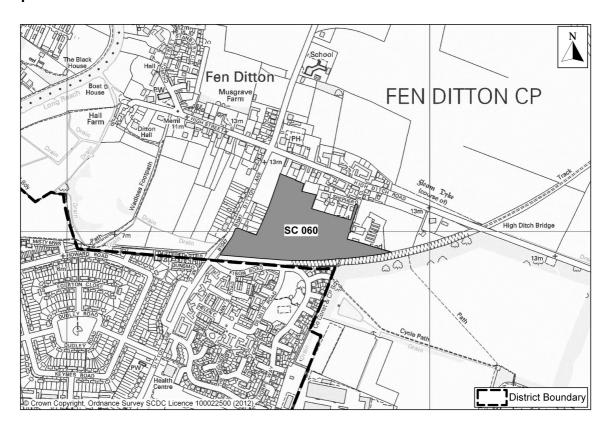
Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information Broad Location 9 Fen Ditton
Site reference number(s): SC060

Site name/address: Land south of Shepherds Close, Fen Ditton

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the south of High Ditch Road and east of Ditton Lane on the south eastern edge of Fen Ditton. It adjoins residential properties to the northern and part of the western boundaries. A former railway line separates the southern edge of the site from Cambridge city. Fleam End Farm lies to the east. The northern part of the site comprises two enclosed paddocks, separated from the southern, agricultural land, by a dense vegetation belt.

Current use(s):

Paddock and agricultural

Proposed use(s):

Approximately 200 dwellings

Site size (ha): 5.06

Assumed net developable area: 3.79

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 114
Site owner/promoter: Owners known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA call for sites

Relevant planning history:

The Panel Report into the draft Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Structure Plan published in February 2003 considered proposals for strategic large scale development around Fen Ditton. At paragraph 8.56 the panel finds that "significant urban expansion in this location would completely overwhelm the village of Fen Ditton which currently retains a clear separate identity as one of Cambridge's necklace of villages'. At paragraph the panel concludes that "major development in this location would provide the opportunity to carry out the management and enhancement of the landscape surrounding Fen Ditton which is recommended in the LDA Study. However, neither this nor any other benefit which this location might offer in terms of sustainable development, in our view, outweighs the likely loss of the integrity of Fen Ditton as a separate settlement which would result from such development. Moreover, enhancement of the landscape in this area does not need to be dependent on new development. In terms of impact on one of the necklace of villages which form an important part of the character and setting of Cambridge, the Panel do not see any material difference between this location and that to the east of Airport Way. We conclude that this is not a location which should accommodate major development of a strategic scale."

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Level 1 Part A: Strategic Considerations		
Conformity with the Council	s Sustainable Development S	trategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below-
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 2.69km ACF	Red: The Site Lies to the South of Fen Ditton, Between High Ditch Road to the North and Ditton Lane to the west. The site is low lying at about 10m AOD and flat. Little effect on the Historic Core of Cambridge. Development would be set back from roads, screened by existing development and

		established vegetation
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	RR = Very significant impacts	Red, Red: Very significant Impacts. Development would physically and visually join Fen Ditton with the Fison Road area north of Cambridge City Cemetery. Even where set back, development would be visible from Ditton Road
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	R = High/medium impacts	Red: Development would have a high impact on the approach to Cambridge particularly viewed from Ditton Lane. The Cambridge Green Belt Study identifies a short but significant area of countryside which enhances the approach to Cambridge and is also informed by the character of the conservation area on High Ditch Road.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: There are limited low level views to Cambridge form the north to the west of the site but views to Fen Ditton village and open countryside would be affected.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: Areas of paddock and mature hedgerows form a soft green edge somewhat reduced by an area of housing on Ditton Road.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green:
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: The development would lie close to the River Cam Green corridor but not affect it directly.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	RR = Very significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red, Red: Development would have very significant effects to the setting of Fen Ditton – on the small scale landscape setting of paddocks and mature vegetation, the separation from Cambridge, The approach to the village from the east and on the Village conservation area

A landscape which has a strongly rural character	G = No impacts or impacts capable of mitigation	Green:
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	RR = Very high and high impacts	Red, Red: Development is likely to have significant adverse effects on the setting, separation and village and landscape character of Fen Ditton and its relationship with Cambridge.
I was at an estimat Native O	na amatian Dasimetiana	
Impact on national Nature Co		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	Performance G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage	Assets	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: Listed Buildings – The site lies to the rear of numbers 6, 14, 16, 22 High Ditch Road. Numbers 15, 17, 23, 25 and its dovecote and granary lie on the opposite side of High Ditch Road. All are Grade II Listed. There are several other Grade II Listed buildings along High Street within the wider Conservation Area to the west of Ditton Lane.
Part B: Deliverability and oth		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: A junction located on Shepherds Close would be acceptable to the Highway Authority. The proposed site is acceptable in principle subject to detailed design.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully	Green:

	mitigated	
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Regarding sites in the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Green: Information from Call for Sites questionnaire.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - No significant impact on existing network Mains water - The site falls within the CWC Cambridge Distribution Zone, within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within Cambridge Distribution Zone to supply the number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis.

Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and / or new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas – Fen Ditton has mains gas supply and there would a requirement for a small amount of local reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the WWTW to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a pre-development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer. Amber: Fen Ditton has one Primary School with a PAN of 25 and school capacity of 175, and lies within the catchment of Bottisham Village College. In their 2011 submission to the South Cambridgeshire and City Infrastructure Study, the County Council stated there was a surplus of 10 primary places in Fen Ditton taking account of planned development in Fen Ditton. After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new
		which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	schools. Green:
safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	allocated or safeguarded area.	<u> </u>
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Location within a

Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	zone will not in itself prevent
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		development, it depends
Safeguarding Zone?		upon the nature of the
		development and its height.
		No erection of buildings,
		structures or works
		exceeding, 15.2m/50ft in
		height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: 0.44km ACF – Ditton Lane
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: 0.58km ACF – East Barnwell Health Centre. The doctors surgery in Cambridge has some capacity to grow.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:
Site integration with existing communities	A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities	Amber:
How far is the nearest secondary school?	R = >3km	Red: 3.17km ACF – Manor Community College
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m	Amber: 0.45km ACF - Fen Ditton Community Primary School
	SCDC:	
	A = 1-3 km	
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Amber:
Accessibility to outdoor facilities and green spaces		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy	G=No	Green:
Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which		

is protected only because of its Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space	G=Yes	
be replaced according to	<u> </u>	
CLP Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space		
or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green:
any protected open space	site provision to adopted	Green.
would development of the	plan standards is provided	
site be able to increase the	onsite	
quantity and quality of	Onsite	
publically accessible open		
space / outdoor sports		
facilities and achieve the		
minimum standards of		
onsite public open space		
(OS) provision?		
(00) promotom		
Supporting Economic Grov		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1 km or allocation is for	Green: 0.65km ACF – nearest
employment centre?	or includes a significant	employment 2000+ employees
	element of employment or	
	is for another non- residential use	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green:
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	
land identified in the	employment development	
Employment Land Review?		
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green:
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived	
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas	
	(LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green:
transport service is	transport service	
accessible at the edge of		
the site?		<u> </u>
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	Red: Approximately 1,500m as
existing or proposed train		the crow flies, further by
station?	5 11	available routes.
I What type of avale routes	B - No evoling provision or	Red: There is no provision for
What type of cycle routes	R = No cycling provision or	
are accessible near to the	a cycle lane less than 1.5m	cyclists at the southern end of

	The same transport of the first of	
	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to	
	access local	
	facilities/school. Poor	
	quality off road path.	
SCDC Would development	RR = Score 0-4 from 4	Total Score = 24
reduce the need to travel	criteria below	
and promote sustainable	R = Score 5-9 from 4	
transport choices:	criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4	
	criteria below	
	G = Score 15-19 from 4	
	criteria below	
	GG = Score 19-24 from 4	
CCDC Cub indicate:	criteria below	OOCM ACE to poorest him store
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail	Within 400m (6)	226m ACF to nearest bus stop (196 service).
station		(100 301 VIOG).
		128m ACF to nearest bus stop
		(Citi 3 service).
SCDC Sub-indicator:	10 minute service or better	Less than hourly service (196
Frequency of Public Transport	(6)	service).
Transport		10 minute service (Citi 3).
SCDC Sub-Indicator:	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey
Typical public transport		time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion –
journey time to Cambridge		Cambridge, Drummer Street
City Centre		Bus Station).
		Citi 3 service: 20 minute
		journey time. (Cambridge,
		Fison Road – Cambridge,
	He to Elma (O)	Emmanuel Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City	Up to 5km (6)	2.69km ACF
Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	A = <1000m of an AQMA,	Amber: Site is within 850m of
an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	M11 or A14	the A14
Would the development of	G = Minimal, no impact,	Green:
the site result in an adverse	reduced impact	S. 33
impact/worsening of air		
quality?	A	A 1 T1 A 1 1 1 1 1 T
Are there potential noise	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: The A14 lies to the East.
and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	capable of adequate mitigation	Traffic noise will need assessment in accordance with
receptor or generator?	miligation	PPG 24 and associated
330.3		guidance. The impact of
		existing noise on any future
		residential in this area is a
		material consideration in terms

of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment.

However residential use is likely to be acceptable with careful noise mitigation – combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic noise (single aspect, limited height, dual aspect with sealed non-openable windows on façade facing Roads, acoustically treated alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Commercial shielding or noise berms / barriers options? Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises.

NOISE - Industrial Noise
The Eastern wedge of the site is
immediately adjacent to
industrial units at Fleam End
Farm, High Ditch Rd with
medium sized industrial type
units / uses including light
industrial and a vehicle repair
workshop. These are unlikley to
be considered compatible uses.

Noise from activities and vehicle movements are material considerations with significant negative impact potential in terms of health and well being and a poor quality living environment and possible noise nuisance. Odour may also be an issue.

It is unlikely that mitigation measures on the proposed development site alone can provide an acceptable ambient noise environment. Noise insulation / mitigation abatement

Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator? Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator? Is there possible	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation A = Site partially within or	measures could be required off- site at the industrial units but there is uncertain as to whether these would be effective. Such mitigation measures are likely to require the full cooperation of the business operators and section 106 planning / obligation requirements may be required and there are no guarantees that these can be secured. Without mitigation any detrimental economic impact on existing businesses should also be considered prior to allocation. Before any consideration is given to allocating this site for residential development it is recommended that these noise constraints are thoroughly investigated and duly considered / addressed including consideration of mitigation by undertaking odour and noise impact / risk assessments in accordance with PPG 24 Planning and Noise and associated guidance. Green: Green: No known adverse effects.
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: Adjacent to former railway. A Contaminated Land Assessment will be required as a condition of any planning application.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green:

These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green:
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: Adjacent to the Fen Ditton Conservation Area. The Fen Ditton Conservation Area Appraisal (2006) describes Fen Ditton as an essentially linear village which has resulted in a very narrow, serpentine form with an almost complete absence of backland development, the only exceptions being a few modern houses. The village has an unmistakably rural feel with its grass verges, large trees and its bucolic riverside setting. The high proportion of good quality buildings and spaces means that the streetscene and townscape is of exceptional quality even though the scale is modest.
		The agricultural character of the village is very important especially at the eastern end of the village, along High Ditch Road, where (converted) barns line the road and there are views of the fine groups of farm buildings. The linear nature of much of the village also means that views out into the open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from many parts of the village. Development would have a significant adverse impact

Would development impact upon buildings of local	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings,	on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The LP2004 Inspector considered that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind once north of High Ditch Road. Development of this site would be completely out of scale with the existing village. It would also have a detrimental impact on the linear and rural character of the village. Green:
interest (Cambridge only) Would development impact upon archaeology?	and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: The site is located to the south of the route of the Fleam Dyke, an earthwork boundary of Saxon date. Cropmarks to the north indicate the location of a settlement of Roman date. Further information would be necessary in advance of any planning application for this site.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	G = Neutral. Development would not affect grade 1 and 2 land.	Green: Grade 3.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red:
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	G = Does not contain, is not adjacent to or local area will be developed as greenspace	Green:
Does the site offer opportunity for green	A = No significant opportunities or loss of	Amber:

infrastructure delivery?	existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	A = Development would have a negative impact on existing features or network links but capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Fenland landscapes support species and habitats characterised by intensive agriculture due to the high quality soil. This has restricted biodiversity in some parts. However, drains, hedges and field margins provide refuge for species such as barn owl, corn bunting and skylark. Washlands provide temporary areas of flooded grassland that are important for plants such as the marsh foxtail, tufted hair-grass and narrow-leaved water dropwort. Important numbers of wintering wildfowl maybe found on flooded fields. The network of drainage ditches in places still retain water voles with otters occasionally found into the fens where suitable fish stocks are found. Any development proposals should show how features of biodiversity value have been protected or adequately integrated into the design.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:
Any other information not ca		
The site is within the area covered by the Cambridge East AAP.		
Important Countryside Frontage – lies along the Ditton Lane and High Ditch Road frontages to the north west of the site.		
Public Rights of Way – a footpath lies approximately 30m to the east of the site.		
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:

allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts	Very significant impact on Green Belt purposes Significant negative impact on Listed Buildings
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Distant from Secondary School - Significant Conservation constraints
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	Red:
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

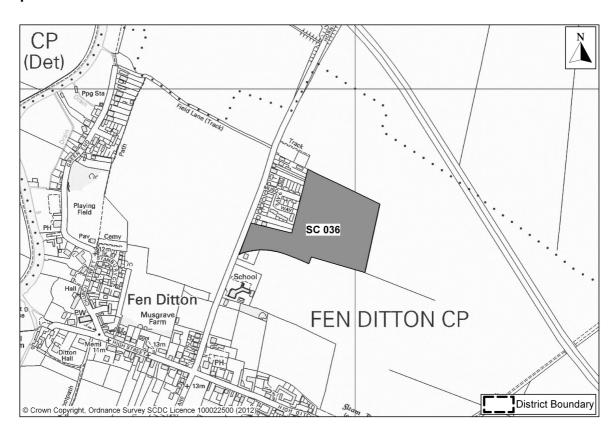
Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information
Site reference number(s): SC036
Site name/address: Land east of Horningsea Road, Fen Ditton (land south and east of 42 Horningsea Road, Fen Ditton)

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the east of Horningsea Road, on the north eastern edge of Fen Ditton. The site forms an inverted 'L' shape to the south and west of a small group of residential properties, and a further residential property lies to the south. It is surrounded on all other sides by open agricultural land and is very visible from higher ground. The site comprises two areas of land; with allotments in the southern part and agricultural land to the rear of the residential properties. The allotments are well screened from the road by dense hedgerows and there is a hedgerow along the southern boundary. The eastern and parts of the northern boundary are exposed to views across the wider landscape, as is the agricultural land to the rear of the residential properties.

Note: the site adjoins sites SC159 to the west and SC160 to the west.

Current use(s):

Allotments and agricultural

Proposed use(s): 216 dwellings with public open space

(Note: the site does not adjoin the village development framework, however it adjoins another SHLAA site that does and therefore assessment of this site is conditional on the adjoining site being found to have potential)

Site size (ha): 5.36

Assumed net developable area: 4.02

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 120
Site owner/promoter: Owners known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA call for sites
Relevant planning history:

Local Plan 2004 Inspector considered land east of Horningsea Road – that "despite the isolated (although sizeable) group of houses at the northern end, a significant proportion of the frontage included in the objection site is currently undeveloped. There are no exceptional circumstances to warrant removing the land from the Green Belt and I find no merit in the suggestion that any part of the larger site be brought within the village framework.

Travelling north out of Fen Ditton beyond that point there is very open land on the western side of Horningsea Road. While there are alternating developed and undeveloped frontages on the eastern side the overall impression is that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind. In my view the single house and school are seen as incidental development within the open landscape which commences immediately to the north of the main continuously built-up part of the village. They therefore form part of a wider area contributing to Green Belt purposes. In the circumstances I consider it anomalous to retain the undeveloped field, single house and school as a finger of 'excluded' land projecting into the Green Belt. In my view this situation amounts to an exceptional circumstance justifying a local amendment to the Green Belt boundary to include the undeveloped field, the house and the school".

The Panel Report into the draft Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Structure Plan published in February 2003 considered proposals for strategic large scale development around Fen Ditton. At paragraph 8.56 the panel finds that "significant urban expansion in this location would completely overwhelm the village of Fen Ditton which currently retains a clear separate identity as one of Cambridge's necklace of villages'. At paragraph the panel concludes that "major development in this location would provide the opportunity to carry out the management and enhancement of the landscape surrounding Fen Ditton which is recommended in the LDA Study. However, neither this nor any other benefit which this location might offer in terms of sustainable development, in our view, outweighs the likely loss of the integrity of Fen Ditton as a separate settlement which would result from such development. Moreover, enhancement of the landscape in this area does not need to be dependent on new development. In terms of impact on one of the necklace of villages which form an important part of the character and setting of Cambridge, the Panel do not see any material difference between this location and that to the east of Airport Way. We conclude that this is not a location which should accommodate major development of a strategic scale."

Level 1

Part A: Strategic Considerations

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)

Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 3.19km ACF	Red:
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation	Amber: The site would introduce a significant area of development directly to the north of Fen Ditton and would close one of the green gaps separating the village from the city. The perception of remaining separation would also be reduced.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	R = High/medium impacts	Red: The site would introduce a substantial area of development into the foreground of the city setting when viewed from the north and east
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	G = No or negligible impact on views	Green: The site does not directly affect key vies of Cambridge which lie to the west of the site.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: The edge of Cambridge is formed by a skyline of trees and hedges, with Fen Ditton in the foreground and development would not directly affect it.

		However greatly increase the proportion of built form when viewed from the north and east
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: The urban edge lies to the south of Fen Ditton.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green:
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages	RR = Very significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red, Red: The Development introduces an substantial and highly visible extension to Fen Ditton into an area of supportive landscape
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red: The development would represent proportionally a very large expansion to Fen Ditton. It would be highly visible in an open landscape and alter the rural approaches to the villa he from the north and east. Although not completely joining Fen Ditton to Cambridge green separation would be closed
		leaving only a short gap to the south of the village.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	RR = Very high and high impacts	Red, Red: The landscape north of Fen Ditton is open and level, and remains rural despite the proximity of the A14. This development would introduce a significant urban area into a rural landscape.
Impact on national Nature Co	nservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:

(SAM)?		
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: Listed Buildings – there are several Grade II Listed buildings along High Ditch Road to the south, including numbers 6, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23 and 25; the closest is approximately 360m to the south.
Part B: Deliverability and oth	er constraints	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: A junction located on Horningsea Road would be acceptable to the Highway Authority. The proposed site is acceptable in principle subject to detailed design.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Regarding sites in the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Site adjoins other SHLAA sites. Some potential for impact on larger sites.
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Green: Information from Call for Sites questionnaire.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - Not supportable from existing network. Significant reinforcement and new network required. Mains water - The site falls

		within the CWC Cambridge Distribution Zone, within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within Cambridge Distribution Zone to supply the number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and / or new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas – Fen Ditton has mains gas supply and there would a requirement for a small amount of local reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the WWTW to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a pre- development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: Fen Ditton has one Primary School with a PAN of 25 and school capacity of 175, and lies within the catchment of Bottisham Village College. In their 2011 submission to the South Cambridgeshire and City Infrastructure Study, the County Council stated there was a surplus of 10 primary places in Fen Ditton taking account of planned development in Fen Ditton. After allowing for surplus school

		places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new schools.
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green:
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	
and Waste LDF?	area.	
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site	Amber: Location within a zone
Cambridge Airport Public	within the SZ	will not in itself prevent
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		development, it depends upon
Safeguarding Zone?		the nature of the development
		and its height.
		No erection of buildings,
		structures or works exceeding,
		15.2m/50ft in height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	R = >800m	Red: 1.10KM ACF – Ditton Lane
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	R = >800m	Red: 1.23km ACF – East Barnwell Health Centre
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:
Site integration with existing communities	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses	Red: Development would be isolated from the main part of the village.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	R = >3km	Red: 3.37km ACF – Manor Community College
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: G = <400m or non-housing allocations or site large enough to provide new school	Green: 0.29 km ACF – Fen Ditton Community Primary School
	SCDC: G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new	
	school	

Would development protect	G = No effect or would	Green:
the shopping hierarchy,	support the vitality and	
supporting the vitality and	viability of existing centres	
viability of Cambridge, Town,		
District and Local Centres?		
Accessibility to outdoor fac	ilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result	R=Yes	Red: Loss of allotments.
in the loss of land protected	11-100	riod. Lood of dilotification.
by Cambridge Local Plan		
policy 4/2 or South		
Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which		
is protected only because of		
its Green Belt status).	0. 1/	One and Alled
If the site is protected open	G=Yes	Green: Allotments could be
space can the open space		replaced on-site.
be replaced according to		
CLP Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space		
or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green: Score assumes that the
any protected open space	site provision to adopted plan	site could accommodate
would development of the	standards is provided onsite	replacement allotments and
site be able to increase the		otherwise achieve the minimum
quantity and quality of		standard of open space on site
publically accessible open		to plan standards.
space / outdoor sports		
facilities and achieve the		
minimum standards of		
onsite public open space		
(OS) provision?		
Supporting Economic Grow	<i>r</i> th	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	A = 1-3km	Amber: 1.27km ACF – nearest
employment centre?		employment 2000+ employees
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green:
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	
land identified in the	employment development	
Employment Land Review?	,	
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to the	Green:
development in deprived	40% most deprived Local	
areas of Cambridge?	Super Output Areas (LSOA)	
a. Jac C. Jambriago.	within Cambridge according	
	to the Index of Multiple	
	Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Castallable Hallsport		

Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	R = Service does not meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT)	Red:
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: 1.41km ACF – Science Park Station
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Red: There is no provision for cyclists at the southern end of Horningsea Road.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4 criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 20
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 1000m (2)	191m ACF to nearest bus stop (196 service). 802m ACF to nearest bus stop (Citi 3 service) which provides the best overall score.
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Less than hourly service (196 service). 10 minute service (Citi 3).
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion – Cambridge, Drummer Street Bus Station). Citi 3 service: 20 minute journey time. (Cambridge, Fison Road – Cambridge, Emmanuel Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.19km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the	A = <1000m of an AQMA, M11 or A14	Amber: Within 260m at closest point.

A14?		
	G - Minimal na impact	Groon:
Would the development of	G = Minimal, no impact,	Green:
the site result in an adverse	reduced impact	
impact/worsening of air		
quality?		
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Significant Road Transport noise. The east of the site is close to the A14 and there is a high level
		of ambient / diffuse traffic noise. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment. Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises.
		At least half the site nearest the A14 is likely to be NEC C (empty site) for night: PPG24 advice "Planning permission should not normally be granted. Where it is considered that permission should be given, for example because there are no alternative quieter sites available, conditions should be imposed to ensure a commensurate level of protection against noise".
		Residential could be acceptable with high level of mitigation: combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic noise (single aspect, limited height, sealed non-openable windows on façade facing A14, acoustically treated alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Nnoise berms / barriers options?
		allocated for residential development it is recommended

		that these noise threats / constraints are thoroughly investigated in accordance with PPG 24: Planning and Noise and associated noise guidance for any new housing. This site requires a full noise assessment including consideration of any noise attenuation measures such as noise barriers / berms and practical / technical feasibility / financial viability. Noise: Generation Off-site Some minor to moderate additional off-site road traffic
		noise generation on existing residential due to development related car movements but dependent on location of site entrance. Possible to mitigate but may require s106 agreements.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Is there possible contamination on the site?	G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a	Green:
Protecting Groundwater	history of contamination	
Criteria Croanawater	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green:
activities that might cause pollution in the area.		

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green:
upon a historic	adjoin such areas, and there	
park/garden?	is no impact to the setting of	

	such areas	
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: The Fen Ditton Conservation Area Appraisal (2006) describes Fen Ditton as an essentially linear village which has resulted in a very narrow, serpentine form with an almost complete absence of backland development, the only exceptions being a few modern houses. The village has an unmistakably rural feel with its grass verges, large trees and its bucolic riverside setting. The high proportion of good quality buildings and spaces means that the streetscene and townscape is of exceptional quality even though the scale is modest. The linear nature of much of the village also means that views
		village also means that views out into the open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from many parts of the village.
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Development would have a significant adverse impact on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The LP2004 Inspector considered that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind once north of High Ditch Road. Development of this very large agricultural site will be very visible from the wider landscape and would be completely out of scale with the existing village. It would also have a detrimental impact on the linear and rural character of the village.
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green:
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Cropmarks to the north indicate the location of a settlement of Roman date. Further information would be necessary in advance of any planning application for this site.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and 2 land	Amber: Just under half of the site is Grade 2, the rest Grade 3.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red:
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:
Biodiversity and Green Infra		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	G = Does not contain, is not adjacent to or local area will be developed as greenspace	Green:
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	A = No significant opportunities or loss of existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber:
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	A = Development would have a negative impact on existing features or network links but capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Fenland landscapes support species and habitats characterised by intensive agriculture due to the high quality soil. This has restricted biodiversity in some parts. However, drains, hedges and field margins provide refuge for species such as barn owl, corn bunting and skylark. Washlands provide temporary areas of flooded grassland that are important for plants such as the marsh foxtail, tufted hair-grass and narrow-leaved water dropwort. Important numbers of wintering wildfowl maybe found on flooded fields. The network of drainage ditches in places still retain water voles with otters occasionally found into the fens where suitable fish stocks are found. Any development proposals should show how features of biodiversity value have been protected or

		adequately integrated into the design.
Are there trees on site or	G = Site does not contain or	Green:
immediately adjacent	adjoin any protected trees	
protected by a Tree		
Preservation Order (TPO)?		

Any other information not captured above?

The doctors surgery in Cambridge has some capacity to grow.

The village of Fen Ditton is close to the boundary of the Swaffham internal Drainage Board. The District does not have the capacity to accept direct discharge into its system. Any discharge would have to be at the green field run off rates.

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		_
Level 1 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts	- Very significant impact on Green Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts	 Distant from existing services and facilities Distant from Secondary School Distant from well served bus stops Significant Conservation
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	constraints Red:
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

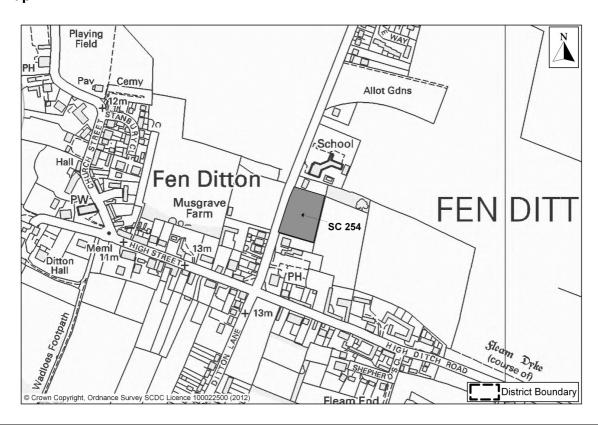
Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information
Site reference number(s): SC254
Site name/address: Land between 12 and 28 Horningsea Road, Fen Ditton

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only

Map:



Site description:

The site is located to the east of Horningsea Road on the eastern edge of Fen Ditton. The site lies to the north of residential properties and south of Fen Ditton Primary School. To the east and west is paddock and agricultural land. The site comprises a small paddock enclosed by hedgerows on all sides, patchy in places. The land is raised in relation to its surroundings.

Note: the site adjoins sites SC160 to the east and SC159 to the west.

Current use: Paddock

Proposed use(s): 18-20 dwellings with public open space

Site size (ha): 0.52

Assumed net developable area: 0.47

Assumed residential density: 30 dph (Group Village)

Potential residential capacity: 14

Site owner/promoter: known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: SHLAA Call for Sites

Relevant planning history:

Local Plan 2004 Inspector - "In my view, the present village framework boundary is drawn at an appropriate point in relation to its purpose. Travelling north out of Fen Ditton beyond that point there is very open land on the western side of Horningsea Road. While there are alternating developed and undeveloped frontages on the eastern side the overall impression is that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind. In my view the single house and school are seen as incidental development within the open landscape which commences immediately to the north of the main continuously built-up part of the village. They therefore form part of the wider area contributing to Green Belt purposes." The Inspector concluded by recommending the Green Belt boundary be amended to include this site, together with the house and school to the north.

Previous attempts to gain planning permission for residential development on the site have been unsuccessful (S/1569/79/O, S/0048/84/O, S/0974/81/O and C/0752/71/O). As well as being in the Green Belt, it was considered that would progressively detract from the open and rural appearance and character of the area and would constitute the undesirable consolidation of the ribbon of development stretching north along Horningsea Road.

The appeal Inspector (S/1569/79/O) "The village of Fen Ditton is basically linear in form and is centred on the High Street where there development is compact. Horningsea Road runs northwards from the High Street, and at its southern end has 2 older houses fronting it on the west with 2 new houses almost opposite. Beyond these houses the existing development is scattered with noticeable gaps until a further group of more closely knit houses is reached. In my opinion the houses at the southern end of Horningsea Road form the northern limit of the village proper, the development then becoming more open. The school and police house are at present clearly detached from the village by the appeal site and the land on the opposite side of the road is open. In my opinion, therefore, the frontage cannot be accurately described as 'otherwise built-up'."

Level 1		
Part A: Strategic Considerat		
Conformity with the Council	's Sustainable Development S	Strategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: Site subject to minor surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation).
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and	See below	See below

setting?		
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 2.84km ACF	Red: The Site is small, level and low lying at approximately 10m AOD. It Lies directly to the south of Fen Ditton School, fronting Horningsea Road to the west.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development of the site will not reduce the green separation but will increase the proportion of built frontage north of High Ditch Road
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The site lies within the North East Cam Corridor and will influence the approach to the City from the north by increasing built frontage to Horningsea Road
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber:
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would not directly affect the soft green edge of the city, but development could alter the character of the approach to and village of Fen Ditton
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: Low level development would not directly the Urban edge
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green:
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	Red: Development would link existing areas of built form to the north of the village and be visible from approaches to the north and east.

A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: Development would infill small paddocks and link built areas of the village reduce the rural character of the village edge.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	R = Very high and high impacts	Red:
Impact on national Nature C	onservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: Grade II* Listed 10 High Street is approximately 115m to the south west. There are several Grade II Listed buildings along High Street to the south west and High Ditch Road to the south, including numbers 6, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23 and 25; the closest is approximately 105m to the south.
Part B: Deliverability and otl	ner constraints	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: A junction located on Horningsea Road would be acceptable to the Highway Authority. The proposed site is acceptable in principle subject to detailed design.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Green:
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Green: Regarding sites in the Fen Ditton / Fulbourn et al / Gt Wilbraham / Teversham area (estimated capacity of 10,922 dwellings on 25 sites) the Highways Agency comment that sites at the southern end of this

		group are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. Sites around Fen Ditton are more likely to generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Site adjoins other SHLAA sites. Some potential for impact on larger sites.
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Green: Information from Call for Sites questionnaire.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - No significant impact on existing network. Mains water - The site falls within the CWC Cambridge Distribution Zone, within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within Cambridge Distribution Zone to supply the number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and / or new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas – Fen Ditton has mains gas supply and the site is

Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	likely to be able to be accommodated with minimal disruption or system reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the WWTW to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a pre-development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer. Amber: Fen Ditton has one Primary School with a PAN of 25 and school capacity of 175, and lies within the catchment of Bottisham Village College. In their 2011 submission to the South Cambridgeshire and City Infrastructure Study, the County Council stated there was a surplus of 10 primary places in Fen Ditton taking account of planned development in Fen Ditton. After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals	G = Site is not within an allocated or safeguarded	new schools. Green:
and Waste LDF?	area.	Ambor: Location within a
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Amber: Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height. No erection of buildings, structures or works exceeding, 15.2m/50ft in

height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing cer	ntres and services	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the	A = 400-800m	Amber: 0.75km ACF – Ditton
nearest District or Local		Lane
centre?	D 000	D 1 0 071 405 5 1
How far is the nearest	R = >800m	Red: 0.87km ACF – East
health centre or GP service in Cambridge?		Barnwell Health Centre. The
in Cambridge:		doctors surgery in Cambridge has some capacity to grow.
		has some capacity to grow.
Would development lead to	G = Development would not	Green:
a loss of community	lead to the loss of any	
facilities?	community facilities or	
	appropriate mitigation	
	possible	
Site integration with existing	G = Good scope for	Green:
communities	integration with existing	
	communities / of sufficient scale to create a new	
	community	
	Community	
How far is the nearest	R = >3km	Red: 3.12km ACF – Manor
secondary school?		Community College
How far is the nearest	City preference:	Green: 0.09km ACF - Fen
primary school?		Ditton Community Primary
	G = <400m or non-housing	School
	allocations or site large	
	enough to provide new school	
	3011001	
	SCDC:	
	G = <1km or non housing	
	allocation or site large	
	enough to provide new	
	school	
Would dovolopment protect	G = No effect or would	Green:
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy,	support the vitality and	Green.
supporting the vitality and	viability of existing centres	
viability of Cambridge,	visionity of oxiding defities	
Town, District and Local		
Centres?		
Accessibility to outdoor fac		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result	G=No	Green:
in the loss of land protected		
by Cambridge Local Plan		
policy 4/2 or South		

Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which		
is protected only because of		
its Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space	G=Yes	
be replaced according to	G=166	
CLP Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space		
or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green:
any protected open space	site provision to adopted	
would development of the	plan standards is provided	
site be able to increase the	onsite	
quantity and quality of		
publically accessible open		
space / outdoor sports		
facilities and achieve the		
minimum standards of		
onsite public open space		
(OS) provision?		
Supporting Economic Grow	<i>r</i> th	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1 km or allocation is for	Green: 1.00km ACF – nearest
employment centre?	or includes a significant	employment 2000+ employees
	element of employment or	. ,
	is for another non-	
	residential use	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green:
in the loss of employment		GIECH.
		Green.
	land / allocation is for	Green.
land identified in the		Green.
land identified in the Employment Land Review?	land / allocation is for employment development	
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to	Green:
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived	
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in	Iand / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas	
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived	Iand / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge	
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of	
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	Iand / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge	
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Green:
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance	Green: Comments
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets	Green: Comments Approximately 476m to Citi 3
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public transport service is	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets requirements of high quality	Green: Comments
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets requirements of high quality public transport in most but	Green: Comments Approximately 476m to Citi 3
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public transport service is	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets requirements of high quality	Green: Comments Approximately 476m to Citi 3
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets requirements of high quality public transport in most but not all instances	Comments Approximately 476m to Citi 3 route.
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site? How far is the site from an	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets requirements of high quality public transport in most but	Green: Comments Approximately 476m to Citi 3 route. 1.17km ACF – Science Park
land identified in the Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge? Sustainable Transport Criteria What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	land / allocation is for employment development G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. Performance A = service meets requirements of high quality public transport in most but not all instances	Comments Approximately 476m to Citi 3 route.

What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	There is no provision for cyclists at the southern end of Horningsea Road.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4 criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 22
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 600m (4)	88m ACF to nearest bus stop (196 service). 476m ACF to nearest bus stop (Citi 3 service).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Less than hourly service (196 service). 10 minute service (Citi 3).
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	20 minutes or less (6)	196 service: 27 minute journey time. (Fen Ditton, nr Blue Lion – Cambridge, Drummer Street Bus Station). Citi 3 service: 20 minute journey time. (Cambridge, Fison Road – Cambridge, Emmanuel Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City	Up to 5km (6)	2.84km ACF
Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta		Comments
Criteria Is the site within or near to	Performance	Comments
an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	A = <1000m of an AQMA, M11 or A14	Amber: Within 690m at closest point.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	G = Minimal, no impact, reduced impact	Green:
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: The A14 lies to the East. Traffic noise will need assessment in accordance with PPG 24 and associated

		guidance. The impact of
		existing noise on any future
		residential in this area is a
		material consideration in terms
		of health and well being and
		providing a high quality living
		environment. However
		residential use is likely to be
		acceptable with careful noise
		mitigation.
Are there potential light	G = No adverse effects or	Green:
pollution problems if the site	capable of full mitigation	
is developed, as a receptor		
or generator?		
Are there potential odour	G = No adverse effects or	Green:
problems if the site is	capable of full mitigation	
developed, as a receptor or generator?		
Is there possible	G = Site not within or	Green:
contamination on the site?	adjacent to an area with a	Green.
Contamination on the site:	history of contamination	
Protecting Groundwater	Thotory of contamination	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be	G = Not within SPZ1 or	Green:
within a source protection	allocation is for greenspace	
zone?		
Groundwater sources (e.g.		
wells, boreholes and		
springs) are used for public		
drinking water supply.		
These zones show the risk		
of contamination from any		
activities that might cause		
pollution in the area.		

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green:	
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation	Red: The site adjoins the Fen Ditton Conservation Area to the west. The Fen Ditton Conservation Area Appraisal (2006) describes Fen Ditton as an essentially linear village which has resulted in a very narrow, serpentine form with an almost complete absence of backland development, the only exceptions being a few modern houses. The village	

		has an unmistakably rural feel with its grass verges, large trees and its bucolic riverside setting. The high proportion of good quality buildings and spaces means that the streetscene and townscape is of exceptional quality even though the scale is modest. The agricultural character of the village is very important especially at the eastern end of the village, along High Ditch Road, where (converted) barns line the road and there are views of the fine groups of farm buildings. The linear nature of much of the village also means that views out into the open fields surrounding Fen Ditton can be seen from many parts of the village. Development would have a significant adverse impact on townscape and the landscape setting of the village. The LP2004 Inspector considered that the main built-up area of the village has been left behind once north of High Ditch Road. The site forms an important part of the setting of the Conservation Area, and several Grade II* and II Listed Buildings. It would not be possible to mitigate impacts on the historic environment. It would also have a detrimental impact on the linear and rural
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green:
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: There is evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity in the vicinity. Further information would be necessary in advance of any planning application for this site.

Making Efficient Use of Land			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development lead to	G = Neutral. Development	Green: Grade 3.	
the loss of the best and	would not affect grade 1 or 2		
most versatile agricultural	land.		
land?			
Would development make	R = No	Red:	
use of previously developed			
land (PDL)? (CITY)			
Would development make	A=No	Amber:	
use of previously developed			
land (PDL)? (SCDC)			
Biodiversity and Green Infra			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development impact	G = Does not contain, is not	Green:	
upon a locally designated	adjacent to or local area will		
wildlife site i.e. (Local	be developed as		
Nature Reserve, County	greenspace		
Wildlife Site, City Wildlife			
Site) Does the site offer	A No significant	Amber:	
	A = No significant	Amber:	
opportunity for green	opportunities or loss of		
infrastructure delivery?	existing green infrastructure		
	capable of appropriate mitigation		
	miligation		
Would development reduce	A = Development would	Amber: Fenland landscapes	
habitat fragmentation,	have a negative impact on	support species and habitats	
enhance native species,	existing features or network	characterised by intensive	
and help deliver habitat	links but capable of	agriculture due to the high	
restoration (helping to	appropriate mitigation	quality soil. This has	
achieve Biodiversity Action		restricted biodiversity in some	
Plan targets?)		parts. However, drains,	
,		hedges and field margins	
		provide refuge for species	
		such as barn owl, corn	
		bunting and skylark.	
		Washlands provide temporary	
		areas of flooded grassland	
		that are important for plants	
		such as the marsh foxtail,	
		tufted hair-grass and narrow-	
		leaved water dropwort.	
		Important numbers of	
		wintering wildfowl maybe	
		found on flooded fields. The	
		network of drainage ditches in	
		places still retain water voles	
		with otters occasionally found	
		into the fens where suitable	
		fish stocks are found. Any	
		development proposals	
		should show how features of	
		biodiversity value have been	

		protected or adequately integrated into the design.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:

Any other information not captured above?

Public Rights of Way – a byway lies approximately 455m to the north west, a footpath lies approximately 280m to the south east of the site.

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Significant impact on Green Belt purposes - Significant negative impact on Listed Buildings
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Red: - Distant from existing services and facilities - Distant from Secondary School - Significant Conservation constraints
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts)	Red:
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	