CAMBRIDGE LOCAL PLAN – TOWARDS 2031 SOUTH CAMBRIDGESHIRE LOCAL PLAN

Issues And Options 2
Part 1 Joint Consultation On Development Strategy &
Site Options on the Edge Of Cambridge –January 2013

Technical Background Document-Part 1





South
Cambridgeshire
District Council

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Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Pro forma

The following joint pro forma was used to assess all of the edge of Cambridge sites. This pro forma shows all of the possible scoring categories which were available for each criterion. The comments column provides information about how the sites were scored and who provided comments.

Site information	Broad Location (Number and Name)
Site reference number(s):	
Site name/address:	
Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Re	nort): City only
Map:	porty. Only only
iviap.	
Site description:	
•	
Current use(s):	
Proposed use(s):	

Site size (ha): South Cambridge		
Assumed net developable area:		
Assumed residential density Potential residential capacity		
Site owner/promoter: Owners		
	omote site for development?:	Ves/No
Site origin: eg SHLAA call for		103/140
Relevant planning history:	ones, stady sto	
3		
Level 1		
Part A: Strategic Considerati		
Conformity with the Council'	s Sustainable Development St	rategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with	Comments
	relevant colour R G B or RR	
	R A G GG etc and retain only	
	chosen score text)	
Is the site within an area that	R = No	
has been identified as	G = Yes	
suitable for development in		
the SDS? Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	R = Flood risk zone 3	Quantify extent of risk by
15 Site Within a nood Zone:	A = Flood risk zone 2	proportion of site affected.
	G = Flood risk zone 1	Remember that such land
		remains suitable for open
		space uses. Note any
		assumptions in this box. For
		example, if only a small part
		is within FZ3 the site could
		be assessed as G, and a
		comment added in the
		comments box

Is site at risk from surface water flooding? Green Belt Criteria	R = High risk, A = Medium risk G = Low risk Performance	Take account of scope for appropriate mitigation, which could reduce the level of risk on site and potentially reduce flood risk elsewhere (for example from site run-off). Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below- Section to be completed by Landscape Architect
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site	Distance measure only. Add bullet point analysis of pros and cons of location in terms of the effects it will have on the compact city and transition from countryside to historic city versus suburbs.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	RR = Very significant impacts R = Significant negative impacts A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation G = No impact	Short description of impact. Assessment pulls across finding from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study assessment dealing with importance to separation
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	RR = Very high and high impacts R = High/medium impacts A = Medium and medium/minor impacts G = Minor and minor/negligible impacts GG = Negligible impacts	Short description of impact. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study assessment dealing with setting.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	R = Significant negative impact from loss or degradation of views. A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views. G = No or negligible impact on views	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study dealing with key views.
Soft green edge to the City	R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation G = Not present, significant opportunities for enhancement.	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.
Distinctive urban edge	R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.

	G = Not present	
Green corridors penetrating into the City	R = Significant negative impact from loss of land forming part of a green corridor, incapable of mitigation A = Negative impact from loss of land forming part of a green corridor, but capable of mitigation G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	RR = Very significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	R = Significant negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation G = No impacts or impacts capable of mitigation	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	RR = Very high and high impacts R = High/medium impacts A = Medium and medium/minor impacts G = Minor and minor/negligible impacts GG = Negligible impacts	Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study. Using 5 bands allows a finer grained appreciation of importance/significance of site in relation to GB purposes and functions. It also potentially allows more choices to be made concerning balancing sustainable development with impact on the Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature Co		Comments
Criteria Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	Performance R = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative impacts incapable of mitigation A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative impacts capable of mitigation G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible	Comments Ecologist to complete.

Import on National Haritana	impacts	
Impact on National Heritage		Commonto
Criteria Will allocation impact upon a	Performance R = Site is on a SAM or	Comments Conservation Officers to
Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	allocation will lead to development adjacent to a SAM with the potential for negative impacts incapable of mitigation A = Site is adjacent to a SAM that is less sensitive / not likely to be impacted or impacts are capable of mitigation G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	complete.
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for negative impacts capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Conservation Officers to complete. Identify grade of buildings affected (Grade 1,2, 2*).
Part B: Deliverability and oth		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	R = No A = Yes, with mitigation G = Yes	Cambridgeshire County Council Highways to provide details.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	R = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects incapable of appropriate mitigation. A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation. G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Cambridgeshire County Council Highways to provide details.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	R = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects incapable of appropriate mitigation. A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation. G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Highways Agency to provide details.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	R = Yes major impact A = Some impact G = No impact	
Are there any known legal	R = Yes	For example, multiple

issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	owners, ransom strips, covenants, existing use agreements etc
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	R = Beyond 2031 (beyond plan period) A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Beyond plan period, or construction likely to start first 5 years, or within 5-19 years
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	R = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required but constraints incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation G = No, existing infrastructure likely to be sufficient	From SHLAA data or statutory undertakers for electricity, gas, mains water, mains sewerage. Look at whether development is supportable from existing network.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	R = School capacity not sufficient, constraints cannot be appropriately mitigated. A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated G = Non-residential development / surplus school places	Cambridgeshire County Council Education Department to provide details eg After allowing for surplus school places, the development of a site of this size would be likely to have to make provision for new primary school education, and possibly in combination with other sites, for secondary school education.
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	R = Site or a significant part of it falls within an allocated or safeguarded area, development would have significant negative impacts A = Site or a significant part of it falls within an allocated or safeguarded area, development would have minor negative impacts G = Site is not within an allocated or safeguarded area.	Cambridgeshire County Council Minerals and Waste team to provide details.
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	R = Site is within the PSZ or is designated as an area where no development should occur A = Site or part of site within the SZ G = Site is not within the PSZ or SZ	Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height. If Amber include height restriction in comments.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the	R = >800m	From GIS – 400 and 800m
nearest District or Local	A = 400-800m	distances as the crow flies
centre?	G = <400m	from the edge of the defined

How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridges or the loss of community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation G = Development would not lead to the loss of any communities? R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities? R = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities? R = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities? R = Sakm A = 1.3km G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school? R = Sakum A From GIS Name the school. Sites big Sites big Name the school. Sites big Sites big Name the school. Sites big Sites big Almonton. Sites big Sites big Almonton. Sites big Sites big Name the school. Sites big Sites big Almonton. Sites big Sites			centres.
City as defined in Cambridge 2006 Local Plan. If adjoining centres at Girton, Histon & Impington, Fulbourn and Great Shelford (See GIS layer from SCDC for village centre) are closer measure distance to these places. Sites big enough to generate a need for one or more primary schools can be assumed to also provide their own small centre and be scored no worse than an A. From GIS A = 400-800m From GIS			33
Great Shelford (See GIS layer from SCDC for village centre) are closer measure distance to these places.			City as defined in Cambridge 2006 Local Plan. If adjoining
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge? R = >800m			Great Shelford (See GIS
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge? How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities? How far is the nearest secondary school? How far is the nearest secondary school? A = 400-800m G = <400m R = Development would lead to the loss of one or more community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities? A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities or integration with existing allocation or site large enough to provide new school or integration with existing communities or integration with existing communities or integration with existing communities or integration with existing allocation or site large enough to provide one or more communities. From GIS From GIS From GIS Name the school. National standards require free school transport for specified groups of pupils if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be ass			centre) are closer measure
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge? Would development lead to a loss of community facilities? Would development lead to a loss of community facilities? How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities? How far is the nearest secondary school? R = >800m			·
Assumed to also provide their own small centre and be scored no worse than an A.			a need for one or more
R = >800m			assumed to also provide their own small centre and be
centre or GP service in Cambridge? A = 400-800m G = <400m Would development lead to a loss of community facilities? R = Development would lead to the loss of one or more community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities? R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities? R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities of southern and location in relation to distance from existing facilities consider how new development might enhance existing provision or add to pressures on existing. How far is the nearest secondary school? R = 3km A = 1-3km G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school R = 3km A = 1-3km G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school Sites big enough to generate a new community school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G. How far is the nearest primary school?	Llow for in the population	D - 900m	
R = Development would lead to the loss of one or more community facilities? Secondary school? R = Development would lead to the loss of one or more community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation	centre or GP service in	A = 400-800m	From GIS
to the loss of one or more community facilities? It to the loss of one or more community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities? How the existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities G = Good scope for integration with existing communities G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community. How far is the nearest secondary school? R = >3km A = 1.3km G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G. How far is the nearest primary school? City preference: From GIS			From 010
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities? R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community. R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or distance from existing facilities consider how new development might enhance existing provision or add to pressures on existing. R = Sakm A = 1-3km G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school school R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community. From GIS Name the school. National standards require free school transport for specified groups of pupils if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G. How far is the nearest primary school? City preference: From GIS		to the loss of one or more community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation	From GIS
secondary school? $A = 1-3km$ $G = <1km \text{ or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school}$ $Sites \text{ big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G.}$ $How far \text{ is the nearest primary school?}$ $A = 1-3km$ $G = <1km \text{ or non-housing allocation or site large standards require free school transport for specified groups of pupils if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G.}$ $From GIS$	development on the site integrate with existing communities?	integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community.	location in relation to distance from existing facilities consider how new development might enhance existing provision or add to pressures on existing.
allocation or site large enough to provide new school allocation or site large enough to provide new school allocation or site large enough to provide new school are full if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G. How far is the nearest primary school? Standards require free school transport for specified groups of pupils if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G. From GIS		A = 1-3km	
primary school?		allocation or site large enough to provide new school	standards require free school transport for specified groups of pupils if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G.
·		City preference:	From GIS
	philiary 5011001?	R = >800m	Name the school. Sites big

	A = 400-800m G = <400m or non-housing allocations or site large enough to provide new school SCDC: R = >3km A = 1-3 km G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	enough to generate a need for a primary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G.
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	R = Significant negative effect A = Negative effect G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Assessment as to whether the development would help to support facilities in an existing centre in Cambridge, depending upon proximity to existing centres and 'health' of existing centres. Alternatively if a site can provide its own facilities, it will be serving its own population and would not have an impact on the existing hierarchy, assuming that any new centres would be in proportion to the size of the new development.
Accessibility to outdoor facil	ities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	R=Yes G=No	If partial loss on site score R and explain in comments what area involved
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	May not be able to fill in at moment. The site owner must provide details of how this can be achieved so it may be completed later in process or on site forms from landowners. Areas of playing field which officers consider are needed should be named along with the land area required to be replaced in an alternative location.

If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically accessible open space / outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space (OS) provision?	RR = No, the site by virtue of its size is not able to provide the minimum standard of OS and is located in a ward or parish with identified deficiency. R= No, the site by virtue of its size is not able to provide the minimum standard of OS. G = Assumes minimum onsite provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite GG = Development would create the opportunity to deliver significantly enhanced provision of new public open spaces in excess of adopted plan standards.	Includes all types of public open space and outdoor sports facilities. Use a GG entry when this opportunity has been identified in a SHLAA submission or where such provision could connect existing open spaces or utilise significant areas of land in Flood Zones 2 or 3. The site owner must provide details of how onsite provision will be provided where there are doubts over onsite provision, especially in wards with existing OS deficiencies.
Supporting Economic Growt	h	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	R = >3km A = 1-3km G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non-residential use	From GIS City centre, established business estates and key office locations and local centres in City as defined in ELR
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	R = Significant loss of employment land and job opportunities not mitigated by alternative allocation in the area (> 50%) A = Some loss of employment land and job opportunities mitigated by alternative allocation in the area (< 50%). G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	From GIS Retained business estates, office locations and other portfolio sites defined in ELR
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	From GIS
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	R = Service does not meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT) A = service meets	From GIS Based upon the assessment which has been made by the City, using HQPT definition in

	requirements of high quality public transport in most but not all instances G = High quality public transport service	the Cambridge Local Plan. Based on a map of main roads where they have been classified using these categories. Buffers will be on the map supplied so the comment will describe how far the site is from these categories of service eg site is 400m from HQPT on Hills Rd and 600m from amber route on XXX Rd
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m A = 400 - 800m G = <400m	From GIS From approximate centre of site to proposed Science Park Station or Cambridge Station (state which).
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	RR = no cycling provision and traffic speeds >30mph with high vehicular traffic volume. R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path. A = Medium quality off-road path. G = Quiet residential street speed below 30mph, cycle lane with 1.5m minimum width, high quality off-road path e.g. cycleway adjacent to guided busway. GG = Quiet residential street designed for 20mph speeds, high quality off-road paths with good segregation from pedestrians, uni-directional hybrid cycle lanes.	Describe in commentary. City Cycling Officer to complete taking into account speed of traffic and accident records and width of facility and nature of any sharing with pedestrians.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4 criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	SCDC to complete for edge of City Sites
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6) Within 600m (4) Within 800m (3) Within 1000m (2) Beyond 1000m (0)	SCDC to complete for edge of City Sites
SCDC Sub-indicator:	10 minute service or better	SCDC to complete for edge

Francisco of Dublic	(c)	of City Citos
Frequency of Public	(6)	of City Sites
Transport	20 minute service (4)	
	30 minute service (3)	
	60 minute service (2)	
	Less than hourly service (0)	
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical	20 minutes or less (6)	SCDC to complete for edge
public transport journey time	Between 21 and 30 minutes	of City Sites
to Cambridge City Centre	(4)	
	Between 31 and 40 minutes	
	(3)	
	Between 41 and 50 minutes	
	(2)	
2070.0	Greater than 50 minutes (0)	
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	SCDC to complete for edge
Distance for cycling to City	5-10km (4)	of City Sites
Centre	10-15km (3)	
	15km + (2)	
Air Overlife II di	20km + (0)	
Air Quality, pollution, contan		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an	R = Within or adjacent to an	Environmental Health to
AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	AQMA, M11 or A14	complete and consider scope
	A = <1000m of an AQMA,	for appropriate mitigation
	M11 or A14	
	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	
	M11, or A14	
Would the development of	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
the site result in an adverse	impact	complete and consider scope
impact/worsening of air	A = Adverse impact	for appropriate mitigation
quality?	G = Minimal, no impact,	
	reduced impact	-
Are there potential noise and	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
vibration problems if the site	impacts incapable of	complete and consider scope
is developed, as a receptor	appropriate mitigation	for appropriate mitigation
or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable	
	of adequate mitigation	
	G = No adverse effects or	
And the one materatical limbs	capable of full mitigation	Francisco de la la citta de
Are there potential light	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
pollution problems if the site	impacts incapable of	complete and consider scope
is developed, as a receptor	appropriate mitigation	for appropriate mitigation
or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	
	G = No adverse effects or	
	capable of full mitigation	
Are there potential odour	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
problems if the site is	impacts incapable of	complete and consider scope
developed, as a receptor or	appropriate mitigation	for appropriate mitigation
generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable	Tor appropriate mitigation
generators	of adequate mitigation	
	G = No adverse effects or	
	capable of full mitigation	
Is there possible	R = All or a significant part of	Environmental Health to
contamination on the site?	the site within an area with a	complete and consider scope
containing of the site:	history of contamination	for appropriate mitigation
	which, due to physical	app. op.iato miligation
	constraints or economic	
	viability, is incapable of	
	appropriate mitigation during	
	the plan period	
L	Late plan period	

Protecting Groundwater	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within	R = Within SPZ 1	From GIS
a source protection zone?	G = Not within SPZ1 or	
Groundwater sources (e.g.	allocation is for greenspace	There is only one site in the
wells, boreholes and springs)		City off Fen Causeway
are used for public drinking		
water supply. These zones		
show the risk of		
contamination from any		
activities that might cause		
pollution in the area.		

Protecting the townscape an criteria)	d historic environment (Lands	cape addressed by Green Belt
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such areas with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such areas with potential for negative impacts capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	From GIS and Conservation Officers
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for negative impacts capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	From GIS and Conservation Officers
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for negative impacts capable	From GIS and Conservation Officers

	of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity G=No known archaeology on site or in vicinity	County Archaeology staff to complete comments.

Moking Efficient Hos of Land		
Making Efficient Use of Land	Dowformana	Comments
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to	R = Significant loss (20 ha or	From GIS
the loss of the best and most	more) of grades 1 and 2 land	
versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and	
	2 land	
	G = Neutral. Development	
	would not affect grade 1 and	
	2 land.	
Would development make	R = No	From Arial photos
use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	G = Yes	
Would development make	A=No	
use of previously developed	G=Yes	
land (PDL)? (SCDC)		
Biodiversity and Green Infras		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact	R = Contains or is adjacent to	From GIS and Ecologist
upon a locally designated	an existing site and impacts	
wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature	incapable of appropriate	
Reserve, County Wildlife Site,	mitigation	
City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to	
	an existing site and impacts	
	capable of appropriate	
	mitigation	
	G = Does not contain, is not	
	adjacent to or local area will	
	be developed as greenspace	
Does the site offer	R = Development involves a	Ecologist to complete
opportunity for green	loss of existing green	
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure which is	
	incapable of appropriate	
	mitigation.	
	A = No significant	
	opportunities or loss of	
	existing green infrastructure	
	capable of appropriate	
	mitigation	
	G = Development could	
	deliver significant new green	
	infrastructure	
Would development reduce	R = Development would have	Ecologist to complete
habitat fragmentation,	a negative impact on existing	
enhance native species, and	features or network links	
help deliver habitat	incapable of appropriate	
restoration (helping to	mitigation	
achieve Biodiversity Action	A = Development would have	
Plan targets?)	a negative impact on existing	
	features or network links but	

Are there trees on site or	capable of appropriate mitigation G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links R = Development likely to	From GIS and Tree Officer
immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	have a significant adverse impact on the protected trees incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Any adverse impact on protected trees capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	
Any other information not ca	ptured above?	
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison	What is this?	
Cross site comparison Level 1 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Add brief commentary here
allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts A = Some constraints or adverse impacts G = Minor constraints or adverse impacts	
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts A = Some constraints or adverse impacts G = Minor constraints or adverse impacts	Add brief commentary here
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts) A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts) G = Site with development potential (few or minor constraints or adverse impacts)	Add brief summary
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites with an overall conclusion of A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants.

Site Assessments of Site Options in the Green Belt (sites for consultation)

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

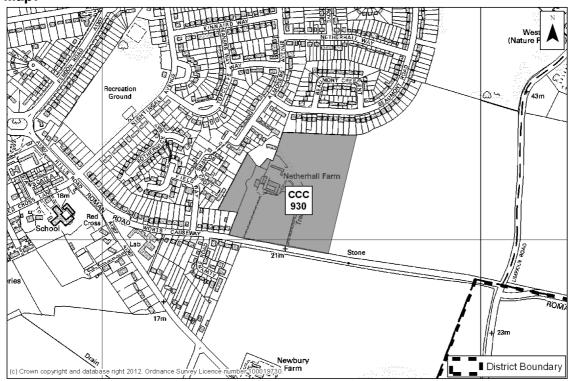
Site Information Broad Location 7- Land Between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC930

Site name/address: Site Option GB1 Land north of Worts' Causeway

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge

Map:



Site description: Arable open fields, meadow, and farm buildings north of Worts Causeway.

Current use(s): Farm buildings & Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Residential

Site size (ha): 7.33ha Cambridge: 7.33 ha SCDC 0.00ha **Assumed net developable area:** 5.88 ha (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45dph

Potential residential capacity: 247

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes/No

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

Relevant planning history:

Cambridge Local Plan Inspectors Report 2006:

Omission Site No.5 - Netherall Farm (south-west corner of Site CC911) - The Inspector rejected the inclusion of the site because

- It is a large area of open land within Green Belt, outside built up area which was not needed for housing supply.
- He also raised the importance of several views and setting of the City, and lack of screening.
- It was also said to not have the advantages of the Southern Fringe, and not related to Addenbrookes to justify it.

The Inspector did however say the site is a sustainable location with respect to access to services and employment and no objections on infrastructure grounds or difficulties with building communities.

No relevant planning applications for residential use

Conformity with the Counci	il's Sustainable Development	t Strategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	A = Medium risk	Amber: Significant site regarding surface water flooding as runoff contributes to surface water flooding of the existing built environment. Current scheme could potentially offer a solution and flood risk management benefit, but may impact on achievable densities as great level of green infrastructure required.
Green Belt		
Criteria What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	Impact on Green Belt purposes could be limited if development on this site were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.

To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site under 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: There would be no coalescence issues related to this site.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The setting of the City could be maintained if develop were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: Views of the site from the west are partially screened by existing vegetation to the west of the site.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: There is a lesser quality existing soft green edge to Beaumont Road (garden boundaries) which could be replicated and improved to the west of the site.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a recognised green corridor
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Green: The proposed development would not affect Green Belt villages
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The landscape is rural (agricultural) but has a strong urban edge. Opportunity to mitigate.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: Although development of the site would negatively affect Green Belt purposes there would be opportunities to mitigate.
Impact on national Nature (Criteria	Conservation Designations Performance	Comments
Ontena	i Giloilliaile	Comments

Would allocation impact	G = Site is not near to an	Green: No
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special		Green. No
	SSSI with no or negligible impacts	
Scientific Interest (SSSI)? Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
	G = Site is not on or	Green: There is no known
Will allocation impact upon		
a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	SAM on this site
Monument (SAM)?	C. Cita da sa nat santain au	Cycony Cita daga yast
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: Site does not
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	contain or adjoin such
	there is no impact to the	buildings, and there is no
	setting of such buildings	impact to the setting of such
Part B: Deliverability and V	ighility Critoria	buildings
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: This site does not
		fall within a Minerals
safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	allocated or safeguarded area.	Safeguarding Area; a
and waste LDF?	area.	WWTW or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
		Consultation Area.
		The adopted Core Strategy,
		Policy CS16, identifies
		Cambridge south as a
		Broad Location for a new
		Household Recycling
		Centre (HRC). This site falls
		within this broad location.
		Policy CS16 requires major
		developments to contribute
		to the provision of HRCs,
		consistent with the adopted
		RECAP Waste
		Management Guide.
		Contributions may be
		required in the form of land
		and / or capital payments.
		This outstanding infrastructure deficit for an
		HRC must be addressed,
		such infrastructure is a
		strategic priority in the NPPF.
In the cite leasted within the	A Site or part of site within	
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		buildings, structures and
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 150ft
		(45.7m) in height. Top of
		site within no erection of
		buildings, structures and
		works exceeding 50ft
		(15.2m) in height

Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: The site has the benefit of direct frontage to the adopted public highway. The bus gate which operates in the rush hour might have to be moved further along Worts Causeway to allow access to and from this site at this time of day.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation. This site is of a scale that would trigger the need for a Transportation Assessment (TA) and Travel Plan (TP), regardless of the need for a full Environmental Impact Assessment. S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Any development would need to consider the existing bus gate on Worts Causeway. The development surrounds Cherry Hinton Road/ Limekiln Hill Road and these existing adopted public highways may require improvement/ alterations to accommodate the additional traffic movements. The hospital roundabout is an accident cluster site, which will need to be considered along with the impact on Granhams Road/Babraham Road junction. County Council are currently updating the trip rate formulas.

have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation. With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site with Site CC911.
su alegic siles?		The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities and provide a better

= Start of construction tween 2017 and 2031	Amber: SHLAA Call for Sites 2011 –submission on behalf of developer/ landowner - The first dwellings to be completed on site 2011-16.
	This comment relates to the whole of SC911. Confirmation is required regarding this part of the site and whether it will form part of a much larger site. Not clear which part will be brought forward first in 2011-16 therefore Amber score to reflect possible delay to delivery.
= Yes, significant grades likely to be quired, constraints pable of appropriate tigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
School capacity not fficient, constraints can appropriately mitigated	Amber: County Education comments awaited. Expect appropriate education provision to be made. For smaller sites this is likely to be off site.
g ti e ff	rades likely to be uired, constraints able of appropriate gation School capacity not cicient, constraints can

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: The site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Wulfstan Way local centre.
How far is the nearest	A = 400-800m	Amber: Site is between 400

health centre or GP service in Cambridge?		and 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	G = Good scope for integration with existing communities	Green: Good scope to integrate with existing communities through good design connectivity and appropriate community provision to aid integration possibly in conjunction with site CC929 to the south.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: Approximately 80% of site is within 1km from nearest secondary school with the remainder between 1 and 3kms.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: R = >800m	Red: Approximately 60% of site is between 400 and 800m from nearest primary
	SCDC:	school with Green: Good scope to integrate with
	A = 1-3 km	existing communities
		through good design connnectivity and appropriate community provision to aid integration possibly in conjunction with site CC930 to the north the
Would development protect	G = No effect or would	remainder beyond 800m. Green: The site is too small
the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres? Accessibility to outdoor face	support the vitality and viability of existing centres	to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is Wulfstan Way, which is a relatively small Local Centre and greater than 800m away. Additional population at this site may help to further support this relatively small Local Centre, although it is further than 800m away.
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy	R=Yes	Red: There is approximately 0.5ha of semi-natural green space of environmental importance on site.

SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No	Red: Any future development would need to satisfactorily incorporate the environmentally sensitive protected open space or demonstrate it can be reprovided elsewhere in an appropriate manner.
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically accessible open space /outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space provision?	G = Assumes minimum on- site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	Green: Assuming area of POS is removed from the site, no obvious constraints that prevent the remainder of site providing full on-site provision.
Supporting Economic Grow	vth	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non- residential use	Green: The site is within 1km of an employment centre.
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review.
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Amber: Site in Queen Edith's LSOA 7995: 3.99
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	G = High quality public transport service	Green: Part of site is within 400m from a bus route. Service does meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT).
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: Site is greater than 800m from either an existing or proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes	R = No cycling provision or	Red: Although the link along

are accessible near to the site?	a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Worts Causeway would be quiet at morning peak if the rising bollards remain, the traffic volumes in the evening peak could be quite high on this road with no cycling provision. A solution to mitigate this could be to extend the access restriction to the evening as well as morning peak.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 22
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 600m (4)	Babraham Park and Ride (99 service)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Babraham Park and Ride (99 service)
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	Less than 20 minutes (6)	16 minutes – (Cambridge, Red Cross Lane – Cambridge, Drummer Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.33km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Croom The site is not within
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential. Noise assessment and potential noise mitigation needed.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green: From purely the residential amenity point of

is developed, as a receptor or generator?		view the light impact from development would require assessment in the ES but could be fully mitigated.
		Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green: No adverse effects for residential use
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. The site has been used for agricultural purposes.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for negative	Amber: Yes. Netherhall Farm House and its outbuildings are all Buildings of Local Interest.

	impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	If the site were to come forward, any development would have to be sympathetic to the scale and massing of the site to ensure that the special interest of the existing buildings was not lost.
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Netherhall Farm. A pre-development archaeological survey should be required.

Making Efficient line of Land		
Making Efficient Use of Lan Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and 2 land	Amber: Approximately half (3.4ha) of site on Grade 2 land with the remainder on urban land.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber: No
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Site includes Netherhall Farm Meadow which is a valuable County Wildlife Site, and Worts Causeway Protected Roadside Verge. Meadow site potentially vulnerable if changes to existing management are proposed. Scope for some reconfiguration and mitigation. Potential to create chalk / neutral grassland and perhaps a GI enhancement. Need to reduce developable site area from 7.84ha to 7.33ha to allow for appropriate mitigation
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	A = No significant opportunities or loss of existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: If Netherhall Farm Meadow is removed from the development site. Site identified in the Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure Strategy 2011. Potential to be

		beneficial if limited development could deliver wider GI vision for the area.
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat	A = Development would have a negative impact on existing features or network links but capable of	Amber: If Netherhall Farm Meadow is removed from the development site.
restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	appropriate mitigation	As with other arable sites this area is likely to support declining farmland bird species such as Grey partridge and Corn Bunting
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees

Any other information not captured above?

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	-Adverse impact on Green
mitigation)	·	Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for	or adverse impacts	-Less than half of the site
mitigation)		is further than 800m from
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		the nearest primary school.
		-The site contains a
		County Wildlife Site, which
		is important for its semi
		natural grassland and
		biodiversity. This area is
		also designated as
		protected open space for
		its environmental qualities.
		Any development should
		not adversely affect this
		area. If this area was
		removed from the
		development site this
		would allow for appropriate
		mitigation.
		-lacks dedicated cycling
		provision on Worts
		Causeway and during rush

Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	hour could result in added risks to cycling. This could however be mitigated. Amber: Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

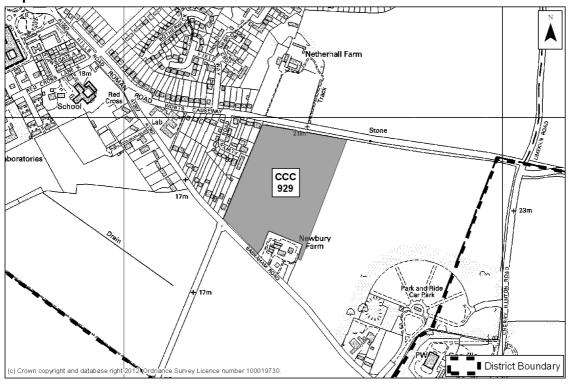
Site Information Broad Location 7- Land Between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC929

Site name/address: Site Option GB2 Land South of Worts' Causeway

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge

Map:



Site description: Arable open field south of Worts Causeway and north of Babraham Road.

Current use(s): Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Residential

Site size (ha): 6.8ha Cambridge 6.8ha SCDC 0.00ha

Assumed net developable area: 5.1ha (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45dph

Potential residential capacity: 230

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes as part of larger development

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

Relevant planning history:

Cambridge Local Plan Inspectors Report 2006:

Omission Site No.5 - Netherall Farm (south-west corner of Site CC911) - The Inspector rejected the inclusion of the site because

- It is a large area of open land within Green Belt, outside built up area which was not needed for housing supply.
- He also raised the importance of several views and setting of the City, and lack of screening.
- It was also said to not have the advantages of the Southern Fringe, and not related to Addenbrookes to justify it.

The Inspector did however say the site is a sustainable location with respect to access to services and employment and no objections on infrastructure grounds or difficulties with building communities.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk	,	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	A = Medium risk	Amber: Fairly significant amount of surface water flooding towards the south of the site. Careful mitigation required which could impact on achievable site densities as greater level of green infrastructure required.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	Impact on Green Belt purposes could be limited if development on this site were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site under 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.

To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: There would be no coalescence issues related to this site.	
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The setting of the City could be maintained if develop were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.	
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: Views of the site from the west are partially screened by existing vegetation to the west of the site.	
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: There is a lesser quality existing soft green edge to Alwyne Road (garden boundaries) which could be replicated and improved to the west of the site.	
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.	
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a recognised green corridor.	
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Green: The proposed development would not affect Green Belt villages	
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The landscape is rural (agricultural) but is on the urban edge. Opportunity to mitigate.	
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: Although development of the site would negatively affect Green Belt purposes there would be opportunities to mitigate.	
Impact on national Nature Conservation Designations			
Criteria Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	Performance G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green: No	
Impact on National Heritage Assets			
Criteria Performance Comments			

Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: No	
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	GIECH. NO	
	aujacent to a SAIVI		
Monument (SAM)?			
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No	
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and		
	there is no impact to the		
	setting of such buildings		
Part B: Deliverability and Viability Criteria			
Criteria	Comments		
Is the site allocated or	Performance G = Site is not within an	Green: This site does not	
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	fall within a Minerals	
and Waste LDF?	area.	Safeguarding Area; a	
and waste LDI:	area.		
		WWTW or Transport Zone	
		Safeguarding Area; or a	
		Minerals or Waste	
		Consultation Area.	
		The adopted Core Strategy,	
		Policy CS16, identifies	
		Cambridge south as a	
		Broad Location for a new	
		Household Recycling	
		Centre (HRC). This site falls	
		within this broad location.	
		Policy CS16 requires major	
		developments to contribute	
		to the provision of HRCs,	
		consistent with the adopted	
		RECAP Waste	
		Management Guide.	
		Contributions may be	
		required in the form of land	
		and / or capital payments.	
		This outstanding	
		infrastructure deficit for an	
		HRC must be addressed.	
		such infrastructure is a	
		strategic priority in the	
		NPPF.	
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Air Safeguarding	
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Area - No erection of	
Safety Zone (PSZ) or	0.00	buildings, structures and	
Safeguarding Zone?			
Saleguarding Zone!		works exceeding 150ft	
Is there a suitable access to	A = Yes, with mitigation	(45.7m) in height Amber: The site has direct	
the site?	A = 165, With Hilligation	access from Babraham	
נווס אונס:			
		Road, but third party land	
		appears to separate the site	
14/ 11 H - 12 - 2 12 12	A 1 (C)	from Worts Causeway	
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:	
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.	
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of	
		appropriate mitigation.	
-	<u> </u>		

This site is of a scale that would trigger the need for a Transportation Assessment (TA) and Travel Plan (TP). regardless of the need for a full Environmental Impact Assessment. S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account. A full Transport Assessment would be required for any development on this site and would need to model the impact on junction capacities on the local network. A Residential Travel plan would be also be required along with measures to link walking and cycling into the existing links. Any development would need to consider the existing bus gate on Worts Causeway. The development surrounds Cherry Hinton Road/ Limekiln Hill Road and these existing adopted public highways may require improvement/ alterations to accommodate the additional traffic movements. The hospital roundabout is an accident cluster site, which will need to be considered along with the impact on Granhams Road/Babraham Road junction. Would allocation of the site A = Insufficient capacity. Amber: have a significant impact on Negative effects capable of Insufficient capacity. the strategic road network appropriate mitigation. Negative effects capable of capacity? appropriate mitigation. With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme

has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs. either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible. Amber: Yes, this site could Is the site part of a larger A = Some impact site and could it prejudice be part of a larger site. development of any Along with part of the neighbouring Site CC911 strategic sites? and South Cambs SHLAA Site SC284 to the east. The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities and provide a better opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community. However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly

Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area. Green: No
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: SHLAA Call for Sites 2011 –submission on behalf of developer/ landowner - The first dwellings to be completed on site 2011-16. This comment relates to the whole of SC911. Confirmation is required regarding this part of the site and whether it will form part of a much larger site. Not clear which part will be brought forward first in 2011-16 therefore Amber score to reflect possible delay to delivery.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: County Education comments awaited. Expect appropriate education provision to be made. For smaller sites this is likely to be off site.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	R = >800m	Amber: Approximately 10% of the site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Wulfstan Way local centre. The remainder of the site is beyond 800m of a local centre. The site is probably not large enough to support a new local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	R = >800m	Red: Majority of site is over 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.

Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	G= Good scope for integration with existing communities	Green: Good scope to integrate with existing communities through good design connnectivity and appropriate community provision to aid integration possibly in conjunction with site CC930 to the north.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	A = 1-3km	Amber: Site is between 1 and 3km from nearest secondary school.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: R = >800m SCDC:	Red: Site is over 800m from nearest primary school.
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	A = 1-3 km G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site is too small to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is Wulfstan Way, but this is greater than 800m. The development of the site is unlikely to have an impact on the existing hierarchy, but the site would have relatively poor access to local shopping.
Accessibility to outdoor fac	cilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=No	Green: No
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	Not applicable
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity	G = Assumes minimum on- site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	No obvious constraints that prevent the site providing full on-site provision.

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SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 20
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 600m (4)	Babraham Park and Ride (99 service)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Babraham Park and Ride (99 service)
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre SCDC Sub-indicator:	Between 21 and 30 minutes (4) Up to 5km (6)	21 minutes – (Babraham Park and Ride – Cambridge, Drummer Street) 3.55km ACF
Distance for cycling to City Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.
	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Site adjacent in part to a major road and to a busy access road. Frontages will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. Plant at existing farm and possible commercial building to the west, may also impact on proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential. Noise assessment and potential mitigation measures required.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green: From purely the residential amenity point of view the light impact from development would require assessment in the ES but could be fully mitigated. Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky

		and the County Council
		and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green: No adverse effects
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. Site has been used for agricultural purposes. The answer refers only to possible remediation. Economic viability will depend on housing market-unable to address this part.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: No
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: No
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: No
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Extensive late prehistoric and Roman cropmarked sites known. A pre-development archaeological survey should be required.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and 2 land	Amber: Approximately half (3.4ha) of site on Grade 2 land with the remainder on urban land.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber: No
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Site adjacent to Netherhall Farm Meadow County Wildlife Site, Worts Causeway Protected Roadside Verge. Sites potentially vulnerable if changes to existing management are proposed.
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	G = Development could deliver significant new green infrastructure	Green: Site already has permissive access allowing access to the area of Farmland identified in the Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure Strategy 2011. Potential to be beneficial if limited development could deliver wider GI vision for the area.
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links	Green: Double hedgerow and verge along northern boundary with Worts Causeway is of particular ecological value. As with other arable sites this area is likely to support declining farmland bird species such as Grey partridge and Corn Bunting.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green: There are no protected trees on the site. Pre-development tree survey to British Standard

		5837 may be required.
Any other information not captured above?		
•	•	
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	- Adverse impact on Green
mitigation)		Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for	or adverse impacts	-Site is not near to local
mitigation)		facilities such as district /
		local centre, GP surgery
		and primary school, and
		due to its size it is less
		likely to be able to provide
		for new facilities.
		- It is not accessible to high
		quality public transport.
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development	Amber:Site with
	potential (some	development potential
	constraints or adverse	(some constraints or
	impacts)	adverse impacts)
		, ,
Viability feedback (from	R = Unlikely to be viable,	Sites ranked A or G will be
consultants)	A = May be viable	taken forward for viability
	G = Likely to be viable	assessment by consultants

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

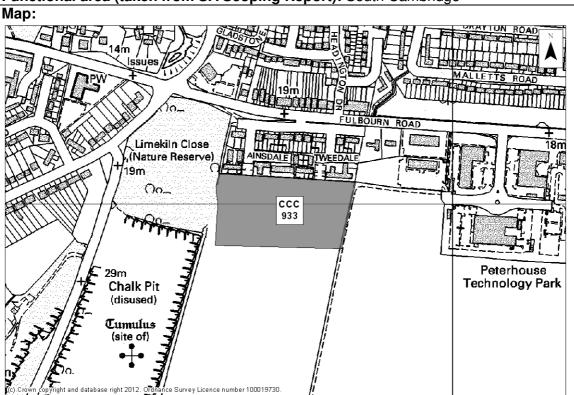
Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information Broad Location 7- Land Between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC933

Site name/address: Site Option GB3 Fulbourn Road South 1 Amended

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge



Site description: Arable open field south of Fulbourn Road

Current use(s): Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Residential or employment

Site size (ha): Cambridge: 2.3 ha SCC 0.00ha

Assumed net developable area: 1.73ha (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45dph

Potential residential capacity: 78 or mixed use including employment

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes but only as part of

larger site

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

Relevant planning history:

Omission Site No.7 - Land Adjoining Peterhouse Technology Park (small site on northern edge of Site CC911) - The land was dismissed by the Inspector partly on lack of evidence on some issues, but more substantially on grounds that the site is open land, in the Green Belt (the boundary here is clear and firm), and outside the urban area. There was also no need for the site.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: No surface water issues. Development should be mindful of potential flow routes from adjacent high land.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	The site is discretely located behind existing housing and is at the bottom of north facing slope and would have a minor negative effect on the purposes of Green Belt.
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: Sensitive, limited and low level development could be considered with no impact on separation.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The site is on the existing urban edge and discretely located. Sensitively designed development at the same

		a a saka san Sarah saka a sa
		contour including a
		landscape buffer would
		have limited impact on
		setting.
Key views of Cambridge /	A = Negative impact from	Amber: There are
Important views	loss or degradation of	expansive views from
	views.	higher ground to the south
		looking over the site and to
		the City and Fulbourn.
		Views could be mitigated if
		development was set at a
		similar contoured as the
		existing housing and
		landscaped.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality	Amber: The existing garden
	edge / negative impacts but	boundary, green edge could
	capable of mitigation	be recreated and improved
	1 3	on within a landscape buffer
		area.
Distinctive urban edge	Green: No effect on	Green: No effect on
	distinctive urban edge.	distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating	G = No loss of land forming	Green: There would be no
into the City	part of a green corridor /	loss of land associated with
	significant opportunities for	a green corridor.
	enhancement through	a green comacn.
	creation of a new green	
	corridor	
The distribution, physical	G = No impacts or minor	Green: there would be no
separation, setting, scale	impacts capable of	impact on Green Belt
and character of Green Belt	mitigation	villages.
villages (SCDC only)	3	3
A landscape which has a	G = No impacts or impacts	Green: The site is to the
strongly rural character	capable of mitigation	west of the Technology
		Park and not strongly rural
		in character.
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Amber: If dovelopment were
Green Belt		Amber: If development were
Green bell	medium/minor impacts	restricted low level and at
		the 20m contour, it could be
		suitably mitigated and
		therefore have a low impact
Impact on national Nature (Concernation Designations	on the Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature (Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	A = Site is on or adjacent to	Amber (subject to
upon a Site of Special	an SSSI with negative	mitigation): 30m from
Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	impacts capable of	Cherry Hinton Pit SSSI
	mitigation	Oneny riiillon Fil 3331
	mugation	
Impact on National Heritage Assets		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
		,

Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: No
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient		Green. No
	adjacent to a SAM	
Monument (SAM)?	O Oite de ce	One and Me
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	
	there is no impact to the	
	setting of such buildings	
Part B: Deliverability and V		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: Site is not allocated
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	/ identified or a mineral or
and Waste LDF?	area.	waste management use
and waste LDI:	alea.	
		through the adopted
		Minerals and Waste Core
		Strategy or Site Specific
		Proposals Plan. It does not
		fall within a Minerals
		Safeguarding Area; a
		Waste Water Treatment
		Works or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
Is the site located within the	A Site or part of site within	
	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		buildings, structures and
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 50ft
		(15.2m) in height
Is there a suitable access to	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Technically it would
the site?		be possible to provide
		access, but the site does
		not abut the adopted public
		highway and third part land
		appears to lie between it
		and the highway through
		the car parks of either
		Ainsdale or Tweedale,
		,
		which has some internal
Marilal alla anti	A lastificioni	problems of its own.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of
		appropriate mitigation.
		This site is of a scale that
		would trigger the need for a
		Transportation Assessment
		(TA) and Travel Plan (TP),
		regardless of the need for a
		full Environmental Impact
		Assessment.
		Assessinell.
		C106 contributions and
		S106 contributions and
		mitigation measures will be

		required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.

Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site. Along with the neighbouring Site CC932 it forms a small part of Site CC911 which is closely related to South Cambs SHLAA Sites SC111 and SC283 to the east. The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities and provide a better opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community.
		However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area.
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green: No Site owners will need to confirm this consideration.
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: SHLAA Call for Sites 2011 – Bidwells submission on behalf of developer/ landowner - The first dwellings to be completed on site 2011-16. This comment relates to the whole of SC911. Confirmation is required regarding this part of the site and whether it will form part of a much larger site. Not clear which part will be brought forward first in 2011-16 therefore Amber score to reflect possible delay to delivery.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: County Education comments awaited. Expect appropriate education provision to be made. For

smaller sites this is likely to	
be off site.	

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing ce		
Criteria How far is the site from the	Performance	Comments Green: Site is within 400m
nearest District or Local centre?	G = <400m	(as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton High Street local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Site is between 400 and 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities	Amber: Development could feel isolated from existing community, although any issues could be overcome with good urban design and site connectivity.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: Site is within 1km from nearest secondary school.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m SCDC: G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Amber: Whole site is within 800m from nearest primary school (Colville & Queen Emma). Half the site is within 800m from Queen Emma Primary School
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site is too small to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is Cherry Hinton High Street. This centre is fairly large and performing well. Additional population at this site may help to support this centre.
Accessibility to outdoor fac		
Criteria Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire	Performance G=No	Green: Site is not protected open space or have the potential to be protected

Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which is		
protected only because of its		
Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space be	G=Yes	
replaced according to CLP		
Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space or		
South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve any	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green: No obvious
protected open space would	site provision to adopted	constraints that prevent the
development of the site be	plan standards is provided	site providing minimum on-
able to increase the quantity	onsite	site provision.
and quality of publically	Onoite	Site provision.
accessible open space		
/outdoor sports facilities and		
achieve the minimum		
standards of onsite public		
open space provision?		
Supporting Economic Grow		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1 km or allocation is for	Green: The site is within
employment centre?	or includes a significant	1km of an employment
	element of employment or	centre.
	is for another non-	
	residential use	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green: Development would
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	not lead to the loss of
land identified in the	employment development	employment land identified
Employment Land Review?	employment development	in the Employment Land
Limployment Land Neview:		Review.
Moule allegation requities	O Mithin or adiacont to	
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green: Site in Cherry
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived	Hinton LSOA 7960: 20.41
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas	(within 40% most deprived
	(LSOA) within Cambridge	LSOA)
	according to the Index of	·
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green: Site is within 100m
transport service is	transport service	from a bus route. Service
accessible at the edge of	L'alloport dol vioo	does meet the requirements
		•
the site?		of a high quality public
Harrison to the Co. C.	D 000m	transport (HQPT).
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	Red: Site is greater than
existing or proposed train		800m from either an
station?		existing or proposed train
I .		station.
What type of cycle routes	R=No cycling provision or a	Red: This side of Fulbourn
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the	R=No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m	

site?	width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	provision and speeds can be high and cyclists will need to cross the busy junction to join the on-road cycle lane or off-road path along Cherry Hinton Rd.
scdc Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6)	Fulbourn Road
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Citi 3 service.
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	Between 31 and 40 minutes (3)	34 minutes – (Cherry Hinton, Headington Drive – Cambridge, St. Andrews Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre Air Quality, pollution, conta	Up to 5km (6)	3.69km ACF
		Commente
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	Performance G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Comments Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14? Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	Performance G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14 A = Adverse impact	Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14. Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.
Criteria Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14? Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air	Performance G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14. Amber. An air quality assessment would be

Are there potential odour	A = Adverse impacts	Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky and the County Council regarding impact on public highways. Amber: Industrial
problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	capable of adequate mitigation	/commercial uses can have odour impacts that may impact on nearby properties and will require mitigation.
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. Site adjacent to a former quarry. The answer refers only to possible remediation. Economic viability depends on the housing market-unable to address this part.
Protecting Groundwater		ands to address time parti
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: No
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: No
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: No
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Rear of Ainsdale and Tweedale. An

	archaeological condition is required to enable archaeological evidence to be suitably recorded prior to construction.
	CONSTRUCTION.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to	G = Neutral. Development	Green: Site on urban land.
the loss of the best and	would not affect grade 1 and	
most versatile agricultural	2 land.	
land?	5 N	5 1 1
Would development make	R = No	Red: No
use of previously developed		
land (PDL)? (CITY)	A 21	A 1 N
Would development make	A=No	Amber: No
use of previously developed		
land (PDL)? (SCDC)		
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact	A = Contains or is adjacent	Amber: Site is close to a
upon a locally designated	to an existing site and	number locally designated
wildlife site i.e. (Local	impacts capable of	sites (some of which
Nature Reserve, County	appropriate mitigation	overlay each other)
Wildlife Site, City Wildlife	appropriate imagation	including Sites of Special
Site)		Scientific Interest (East Pit
,		and Limekiln Hill), Local
		Nature Reserves (Cherry
		Hinton Pits, Beechwoods),
		Protected Roadside
		Verges (Worts Causeway,
		Limekiln Hill), County
		Wildlife Sites (Netherhall
		Farm).
		Cita bardara Limakila Lagal
		Site borders Limekiln Local
		Nature Reserve.
		Development could increase disturbance to
		site with new official or
		unofficial access.
Does the site offer	G = Development could	Green: The site is on the
opportunity for green	deliver significant new green	edge of an area identified
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure	as strategic importance for
doi: doi:doi:doi:yi	doi: doi:di	Countywide Green
		Infrastructure and is
		proposed for landscape
		scale chalk grassland
		Restoration and creation in
		the adopted 2011
		Cambridgeshire Green
		Infrastructure strategy. The

Would development reduce	G = Development could	vision is to link up the existing isolated sites with Wandlebury, Gog Magogs, Nine Wells Local Nature Reserve and the natural green space of the Clay Farm development. Green: Full ecological
habitat fragmentation, enhance native species,	have a positive impact by enhancing existing features	surveys would be required in order to assess potential
and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to	and adding new features or network links	impacts. Appropriate development of site could
achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	HOWORK IIIING	help realise the Green Infrastructure Strategy vision.
Are there trees on site or	G = Site does not contain or	There are no protected
immediately adjacent protected by a Tree	adjoin any protected trees	trees on the site. Pre- development tree survey to
Preservation Order (TPO)?		British Standard 5837 may be required.

Any other information not captured above?

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation) Level 2 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts A = Some constraints or	Amber: - Adverse impact on Green Belt purposes Amber:
allowing scope for mitigation)	adverse impacts	-Site suffers from lack of cycling provision on the fast and busy Fulbourn Road along with difficulties with crossing a busy junction
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	Amber: Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

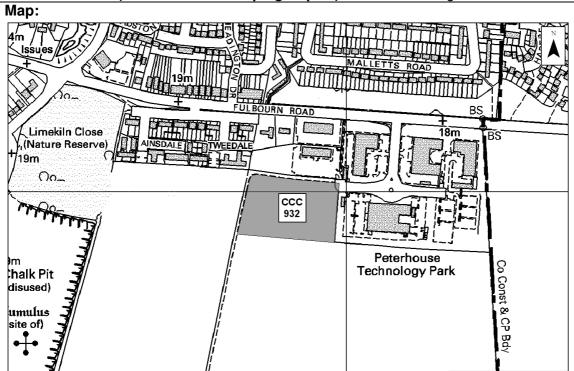
Site Information

Broad Location 7 -Land Between
Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC932

Site name/address: Site Option GB4 Fulbourn Road West 2

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge



■ District Boundary

Site description: Arable open field south of Fulbourn Road

Current use(s): Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Employment

Site size (ha): Cambridge: 1.4 ha SCDC 0.00ha

Assumed net developable area: 1.05 (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45 dph

Potential residential capacity: 47 but proposed use for employment instead

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes but only in context of

larger site to the south

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

Relevant planning history:

Omission Site No.7 - Land Adjoining Peterhouse Technology Park (small site on northern edge of Site CC911) - The land was dismissed by the Inspector partly on lack of evidence on some issues, but more substantially on grounds that the site is open land, in the Green Belt (the boundary here is clear and firm), and outside the urban area. There was also no need for the site.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: No surface water issues. Development should be mindful of potential flow routes from adjacent high land.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	The site is discretely located adjacent to the existing technology park and is at the bottom of north facing slope. It would have a minor negative effect on the purposes of Green Belt.
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site approx 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: Sensitive, limited and low level development could be considered with no impact on separation
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The site is on the existing urban edge and discretely located. Sensitively designed development at the same contour including a landscape buffer would

		have limited impact on setting.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: There are expansive views from higher ground to the south looking over the site and to the City and Fulbourn. Views could be mitigated if development was set at a similar contoured as the existing Technology Park and landscaped.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation .	Amber: The existing soft green edge could be recreated and improved on with a landscape buffer area.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a green corridor.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Green: there would be no impact on Green Belt villages.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	G = No impacts or impacts capable of mitigation	Green: The site is to the west of the technology park and not strongly rural in character.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature (Conservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative impacts capable of mitigation	Amber (subject to mitigation): 200m from Cherry Hinton Pit SSSI
Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green: No

Monument (SAM)?		
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	
	there is no impact to the	
	setting of such buildings	
Part B: Deliverability and V		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: Site is not allocated
safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	allocated or safeguarded area.	/ identified or a mineral or
and waste LDI:	area.	waste management use through the adopted
		Minerals and Waste Core
		Strategy or Site Specific
		Proposals Plan. It does not
		fall within a Minerals
		Safeguarding Area; a
		Waste Water Treatment
		Works or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Consultation Area. Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Arnoer. All Safeguarding Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or	the GZ	buildings, structures and
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 50ft
		(15.2m) in height. Small
		area of site where no
		erection of buildings,
		structures and works
		exceeding 35ft (10.7m) in
la thava a suitable assass to	A Vec with mitigation	height.
Is there a suitable access to the site?	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Technically it would be possible to provide
the site:		access, but the site does
		not abut the adopted public
		highway and third part land
		appears to lie between it
		and the highway; the
		internal roads to
		Peterhouse Technology
		Park are private and may
		not have been constructed
		to the Highway Authority's requirements.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of
		appropriate mitigation.
		This site is of a scale that
		would trigger the need for a
		Transportation Assessment
		(TA) and Travel Plan (TP),
		regardless of the need for a

		full Environmental Impact Assessment.
		S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.

Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites? Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site. Along with the neighbouring Site CC931 it forms a small part of Site CC911 as well as being closely related to South Cambs SHLAA Sites SC111 and SC284 to the east. Site access from public highway would need to be established. The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities and provide a better opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community. However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area. Green: No
issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site? Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	R = Beyond 2031 (beyond plan period) A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 G = Start of construction	Site owners will need to confirm this consideration. Not applicable as employment use
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	between 2011 and 2016 A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	R = School capacity not sufficient, constraints cannot be appropriately mitigated. A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated G = Non-residential development / surplus school places	Not applicable as employment use

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Approximately 20% of the site is within 400m and the remainder within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton High Street local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Site is between 400 and 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities	N/A as employment development
	G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community	
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: Site is within 1km from nearest secondary school.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m SCDC:	Amber: Whole site is within 800m from nearest primary school (Colville & Queen Emma).
	G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site is too small to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is

viability of Cambridge,		Cherry Hinton High Street.
Town, District and Local		This centre is fairly large and
Centres?		performing well. Additional
		population at this site may
		help to support this centre.
Accessibility to outdoor fac	cilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in	G=No	Green: Site in not protected
the loss of land protected by		open space or has the
Cambridge Local Plan policy		potential to be protected
4/2 or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its		
Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space be	G=Yes	Not applicable
replaced according to CLP	G=165	
Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space or		
South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve any	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green: No obvious constraints
protected open space would development of the site be	site provision to adopted	that prevent the site providing
able to increase the quantity	plan standards is provided	full on-site provision.
and quality of publically	onsite	
accessible open space		
/outdoor sports facilities and		
achieve the minimum		·
standards of onsite public		
open space provision?		
Supporting Foonamic Grow	wth	
Supporting Economic Grov Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1km or allocation is for	Green: The site is within 1km
employment centre?	or includes a significant	of an employment centre.
	element of employment or	
	is for another non-	
Would dovoloppe and requit	residential use	Croops Dovolor ment would
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	
land identified in the	employment development	employment land identified in
Employment Land Review?	O Millin P	the Employment Land Review.
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green: Site in Cherry Hinton
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived	LSOA 7960: 20.41 (within
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas	40% most deprived LSOA)
	(LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green: Accessible to HQPT
transport service is	transport service	as defined. Site is within 400m

accessible at the edge of the site?		of other bus services that link the site to the City Centre and other areas.
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m A = 400 - 800m G = <400m	Red: Site is greater than 800m from either an existing or proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R=No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Red: This side of Fulbourn Road has no cycling provision and speeds can be high and cyclists will need to cross the busy junction to join the on- road cycle lane or off-road path along Cherry Hinton Rd.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6)	Fulbourn Road
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Citi 3 service.
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	Between 31 and 40 minutes (3)	34 minutes – (Cherry Hinton, Headington Drive – Cambridge, St. Andrews Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.85km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Amber. An Air Quality Assessment will be required.
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Site adjoins Peterhouse Technology Park. Some industrial and commercial uses and associated plant may impact on adjacent commercial properties and residential.

		This will require assessment
		and mitigation
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Some Industrial/commercial uses are likely to have security and floodlighting which will require assessment and mitigation.
		Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Some industrial /commercial uses can have odour impacts that may impact on nearby properties and will require mitigation.
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. The site is adjacent to an industrial/commercial estate. The answer refers only to possible remediation. Economic viability depends on the housing market-unable to address this part.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	Performance G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Comments Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: No
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No

upon a Conservation Area?	adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: No
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Peterhouse Technology Park. An archaeological condition is required to enable archaeological evidence to be suitably recorded prior to construction.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	G = Neutral. Development would not affect grade 1 and 2 land.	Green: Approximately 80% of site is on urban land with the remainder approximately split equally between Grade 2 and Grade 3 land.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber: No
Biodiversity and Green Infra		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Site is close to a number locally designated sites (some of which overlay each other) including Sites of Special Scientific Interest (East Pit and Limekiln Hill), Local Nature Reserves (Cherry Hinton Pits, Beechwoods), Protected Roadside Verges (Worts Causeway, Limekiln Hill), County Wildlife Sites (Netherhall Farm).
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	G = Development could deliver significant new green infrastructure	Green: The site is on the edge of an area identified as strategic importance for Countywide Green Infrastructure and is proposed for landscape scale chalk grassland Restoration and creation in

Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links	the adopted 2011 Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure strategy. The vision is to link up the existing isolated sites with Wandlebury, Gog Magogs, Nine Wells Local Nature Reserve and the natural green space of the Clay Farm development. Green: Full ecological surveys would be required in order to assess potential impacts. Appropriate development of site could help realise the Green Infrastructure Strategy vision.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green: There are no protected trees on the site. Pre-development tree survey to British Standard 5837 may be required.

Any other information not captured above?

Conclusions				
Cross site comparison				
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:		
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	- Adverse impact on Green		
mitigation)	·	Belt purposes		
Level 2 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:		
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	-Site suffers from lack of		
mitigation)	·	cycling provision on the		
ζ ,		fast and busy Fulbourn		
		Road along with difficulties		
		with crossing a busy		
		junction		
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development	Amber: Site with		
	potential (some	development potential		
	constraints or adverse	(some constraints or		
	impacts)	adverse impacts)		
	• /	. ,		
Viability feedback (from	R = Unlikely to be viable,	Sites ranked A or G will be		
consultants)	A = May be viable	taken forward for viability		
,	G = Likely to be viable	assessment by consultants		

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

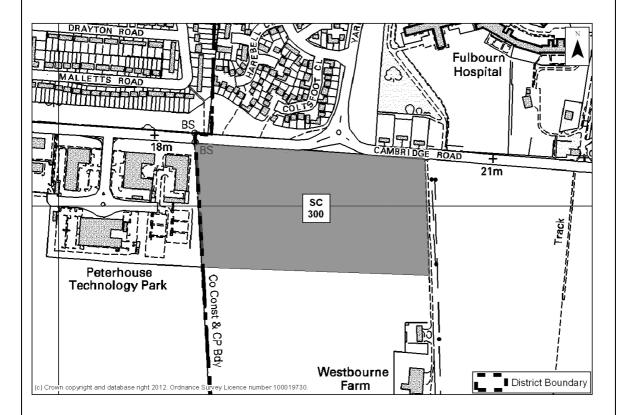
Site Information Broad Location No. 7 Land between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): SC300

Site name/address: Site Option GB5 Fulbourn Road East

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): N/A In SCDC

Map:



Site description: Arable open fields and chalk grassland south of Fulbourn Road to the north of the Gog Magog Hills

Current use(s): Agricultural land Proposed use(s): Employment

Site size (ha): 6.92 South Cambridgeshire: 6.92ha Cambridge: 0.0 ha
Assumed net developable area: 5.19 (assuming 50% net or 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 40dph

Potential residential capacity: 208 but being put forward for employment.

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes but only in context of larger

site

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

Relevant planning history:

Cambridge Local Plan Inspectors Report

2006: Omission Site No.5 - Netherall Farm (south-west corner of Site CC911) - The Inspector rejected the inclusion of the site because:

- it is a large area of open land within Green Belt, outside built up area which was not needed for housing supply.
- He also raised the importance of several views and setting of the City, and lack of screening.
- It was also said to not have the advantages of the Southern Fringe, and not related to Addenbrookes to justify it.

The Inspector did however say the site is a sustainable location with respect to access to services and employment and no objections on infrastructure grounds or difficulties with building communities.

Omission Site No.7 - Land Adjoining Peterhouse Technology Park (small site on northern edge of Site CC911) - The land was dismissed by the Inspector partly on lack of evidence on some issues, but more substantially on grounds that the site is open land, in the Green Belt (the boundary here is clear and firm), and outside the urban area. There was also no need for the site.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)				
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments		
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes			
Flood Risk				
Criteria	Performance	Comments		
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: The location lies entirely within Flood Risk Zone 1 (the lowest level of river flood risk).		
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: No surface water issues. Development should be mindful of potential flow routes from adjacent high land.		
Green Belt				
Criteria	Performance	Comments		
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	The site is located adjacent to the existing technology park and is at the bottom of north facing slope. It would have a minor negative effect on the purposes of Green Belt.		
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site just over 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.		

core		
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would take the urban edge closer to Fulbourn.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: There are no views to or direct associations with the collegiate or historic core from this area. Sensitive, limited and low level development which included landscape and matched the contours of the Peterhouse Technology Park would limit impact on setting.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: There are expansive views from the south looking over the site to the City and Fulbourn as well as views from the east towards the City. Views could be mitigated if development limited and were similarly contoured as the existing adjacent Technology Park.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: Areas to north of Fulbourn Road slightly degrade existing edge. Soft green edge could be enhanced and improved on.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a recognised green corridor.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would take the urban edge closer to Fulbourn Hospital and might impact that part of the village.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The site has a rural character. Its development would have a negative impact on its character.
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Amber: If development were

Green Belt	medium/minor impacts	confined to the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore
		have a low impact on the Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature (Conservation Designations	Green Beit.
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	G = Site is not near to an	Green: Site is not near to an
upon a Site of Special	SSSI with no or negligible	SSSI with no or negligible
Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	impacts	impacts
Impact on National Heritage		,
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: Site is not on or
a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	adjacent to a SAM
Monument (SAM)?	,	,
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: Site does not
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	contain or adjoin such
	there is no impact to the	buildings, and there is no
	setting of such buildings	impact to the setting of such
		buildings
Part B: Deliverability and V	ability Criteria	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: This site does not
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	fall within a Minerals
and Waste LDF?	area.	Safeguarding Area; a
		WWTW or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
		The adopted Core Strategy,
		Policy CS16, identifies
		Cambridge south as a
		Broad Location for a new
		Household Recycling
		Centre (HRC). Part of this
		area falls within this broad
		location. Policy CS16
		requires major
		developments to contribute
		to the provision of HRCs,
		consistent with the adopted
		RECAP Waste
		Management Guide.
		Contributions may be
		required in the form of land
		and / or capital payments.
		This outstanding infrastructure deficit for an
		HRC must be addressed, such infrastructure is a
		strategic priority in the NPPF.
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Approximately 95%
is the site located within the	A = One or part of site within	Amber. Approximately 35%

Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	SZ	of site is within SZ 'Any Structure greater than 15m AGL' and the remainder in SZ 'Any Structure greater than 10m AGL'
Is there a suitable access to the site?	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Yes with mitigation Technically it would be possible to provide access. The internal roads to Peterhouse Technology Park are private and may not have been constructed to the Highway Authority's requirements.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.
		This site is of a scale that would trigger the need for a Transportation Assessment (TA) and Travel Plan (TP), regardless of the need for a full Environmental Impact Assessment.
		S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation
опрасту:		With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the

		construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green: Site CC300 closely related to South Cambs SHLAA Sites SC111, SC283 and SC284. Site SC300 could be accessed off of Fulbourn Road as a free standing development.
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green: Not aware of any legal issues/covenants
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	R = Beyond 2031 (beyond plan period) A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Not applicable as being suggested as employment site
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the

		appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	R = School capacity not sufficient, constraints cannot be appropriately mitigated. A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated G = Non-residential development / surplus school places	Not applicable as employment use

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Approximately 50% of the site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton High Street local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Approximately 50% of the site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton Medical Centre, 34 Fishers Lane, Cherry Hinton, CB1 4HR
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community	N/A as employment development
How far is the nearest secondary school?	A = 1-3km	Amber: Site is between 1- 3km from Coleridge Community College, Radegund Road, CB1 3RJ, St.Bedes Inter-Church School, Birdwood Road,

How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m SCDC: G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	CB1 3TB and Netherhall School, Queen Ediths Way, CB1 4NN Amber: Approximately 65% of site is within 800m from Colville School, Colville Road, CB1 9EJ
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site would be large enough to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centres at Wulfstan Way and Cherry Hinton High Street are further than 800m from the site. The distance to these centres and the potential size of the new population if the site was brought forward would merit a new Local Centre, which would be unlikely to have an impact on the existing hierarchy.
Accessibility to outdoor fac	cilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=No	Green: Site in not protected open space or has the potential to be protected
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	The site owner must provide details of how this can be achieved
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically	G = Assumes minimum on- site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	Green: No obvious constraints that prevent the site providing minimum onsite provision.

accessible open space		
/outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum		
standards of onsite public		
open space provision?		
open space provision:		
Supporting Economic Grow	√th	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non- residential use	Green: Site is within 1km of an employment centre
Would dovolopment regult		Green: Dovolonment would
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Amber: Site in Fulbourn LSOA 8243: 11.41
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	G = High quality public transport service	Green: Accessible to HQPT as defined. Site is within 400m of other bus services that link the site to the City Centre and other areas.
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: Site is beyond 800m from either an existing or proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	RR = no cycling provision and traffic speeds >30mph with high vehicular traffic volume.	Red Red: This side of Fulbourn Road has no cycling provision and speeds can be high and cyclists will need to cross the busy junction to join the on-road cycle lane or off- road path along Cherry Hinton Rd.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6)	Fulbourn Road
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public	10 minute service or better (6)	Citi 3 service.

Transport		
SCDC Sub-Indicator:	Between 31 and 40 minutes	35 minutes – (Cherry
Typical public transport	(3)	Hinton, Yarrow Road –
journey time to Cambridge		Cambridge, St. Andrews
City Centre		Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	4.26km ACF
Distance for cycling to City	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	Green: Major Development
an AQMA, the M11 or the	M11, or A14	Environmental Impact
A14?		Assessment required to
		assess likely major
		transport impact. Outside
		the Air Quality Management
		Area but air quality
		assessment required.
		More than 1000m from an
		AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of	A = Adverse impact	Amber: The development
the site result in an adverse		will have a adverse impact
impact/worsening of air		on air quality and the AQMA
quality?		due to major transport
		impact. An air quality
		assessment is essential.
Are there potential noise	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: Some industrial and
and vibration problems if	capable of adequate	commercial uses and
the site is developed, as a	mitigation	associated plant may
receptor or generator?		impact on adjacent
		commercial properties and
		near by residential. This will
		require assessment and
		mitigation
Are there potential light	A = Adverse impacts	Amber:
pollution problems if the site	capable of adequate	Industrial/commercial uses
is developed, as a receptor	mitigation	are likely to have security
or generator?		and floodlighting which will
		require assessment and
		mitigation.
		Other agencies should be
		consulted regarding the
		impact on wild life, night sky
		and the County Council
		regarding impact on public
		highways.
Are there potential odour	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: Some industrial
problems if the site is	capable of adequate	/commercial uses can have
developed, as a receptor or	mitigation	odour impacts that may
generator?		impact on nearby properties
		and will require mitigation.

Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: The site has former potentially contaminative activities. Further contamination assessment is required.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: Not within SPZ1 or allocation

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: National Grid Reference (centred) Significant prehistoric sites known on the chalk south of Cherry Hinton Road: former site of 'War Ditches' Iron Age hill fort was partially excavated in early 20thC ahead of clunch extraction on Lime Kiln Road (Monuments in Cambridge - MCB5999). Evidence of a

massacre at the site. Cropmarks of Bronze Age round barrow groups (burial mounds), now ploughed flat, are evident in several places in this allocation area (eg MCBs 3446, 6004, 13462 and those excavated in advance of Peterhouse Technology Park ECB357 (ECB – Events Cambridge), Field scatters
allocation area (eg MCBs 3446, 6004, 13462 and
advance of Peterhouse Technology Park ECB357
Cambridge). Field scatters of prehistoric stone implements throughout.
Worsted Street Roman Road (part of Via Devana - Godmanchester to
Colchester Ro Rd) traverses the site and lis likely to have road side settlements along its route.
A programme of archaeological works should be undertaken prior
to the submission of any planning application.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and 2 land	Amber: Approximately 70% of site on Grade 2 land, 30% on urban land but resulting loss would be less than 20ha.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Area is adjacent to a number locally designated sites (some of which overlay each other) including Sites of Special Scientific Interest (East Pit and Limekiln Hill), Local Nature Reserves (Cherry Hinton Pits, Beechwoods), Protected Roadside Verges (Worts

		Causeway, Limekiln Hill), County Wildlife Sites
		(Netherhall Farm).
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	G = Development could deliver significant new green infrastructure	Green: The whole site is of strategic importance for Countywide Green Infrastructure and is proposed for landscape scale chalk grassland Restoration and creation in the adopted 2011
		Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure strategy. The vision is to link up the existing isolated sites with Wandlebury, Gog Magogs, Nine Wells Local Nature Reserve and the natural green space of the Clay Farm development.
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links	Green: Species of particular note currently known on or adjacent to the site include a breeding Schedule 1 bird species, Barbastelle Bat, Glow Worm, Grape Hyacinth, Moon Carrot, White Helloborine, Grey Partridge, Corn Bunting, and Brown Hare. A large-scale habitat creation scheme could benefit these and other species. Full ecological surveys would be required in order to assess potential impacts. Appropriate development at base of slope may help realise Green Infrastructure vision.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green: There are no Tree Preservation Orders on or near the site.
Any other information not of	captured above?	
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:
allowing scope for mitigation)	adverse impacts	- Adverse impact on Green Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	-Site suffers from lack of

Mitigation) Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	cycling provision on the fast and busy Fulbourn Road along with difficulties with crossing a busy junction. This would however be capable of mitigation. Amber: - Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information

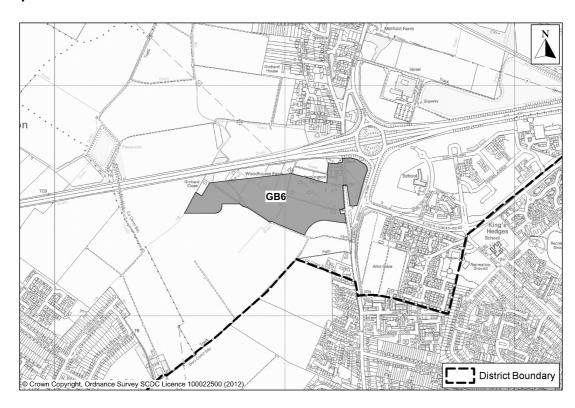
Broad Location 10 Land between
Huntingdon Road and Histon Road

Site reference number(s): SC298 (part)

Site name/address: Site Option GB6 Land south of the A14 and west of Cambridge Road

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only (North)

Map:



Site description:

The land lies between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road, to the south of A14 and north of the allocated NIAB development on the edge of the city (the NIAB1 and NIAB2 sites). The map shows the area proposed for additional built development which is comprised of two farms, set within grassland and small areas of woodland, to the north east adjoining Histon Road.

The landowners also control the NIAB2 site to the south and the open agricultural land to the north west. They intend to master plan any new allocation in this location with the existing NIAB2 site. The open agricultural land which separates the NIAB 1 and NIAB2 sites from Girton is to be retained as Green Belt in their proposals and used as new public open space to serve the area, which will retain the views across the western part of the site to the historic core of Cambridge.

This assessment is concerned only with the area proposed for built development to the north east between Histon Road and the A14.

Current use(s):

Agricultural.

Proposed use(s):

Residential and commercial (approximately 2.9ha could be for commercial purposes where it adjoins Histon Road and the A14 junction).

Site size (ha): 12.6ha

Assumed net developable area: 8.98
Assumed residential density: 40dph

Potential residential capacity: 132 dwellings

This capacity figure assumes that residential development is confined to the area outside of the Air Quality Management Area (AQMA), which is an area of 4.398ha. Note that the proposers representation refers to between 360 dwellings with commercial development and 447 dwellings with no commercial development.

Site owner/promoter: Known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: Other (2012 Issues and Options consultation)

Relevant planning history:

The 2009 Site Specific Policies Plan (SSP) Inspector considered this location when deciding the appropriate extent of NIAB2. "The most relevant principles...are those concerned with the maintenance of views of the historic core of Cambridge, providing green separation between the urban expansion and existing settlements, and protecting green corridors. Some land could be released, retaining other parts to fulfil Green Belt purposes." The allocation of NIAB2 in the SSP Plan reflected the Inspectors' conclusions on Green Belt significance.

Level 1

Part A: Strategic Considerations

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Deve	elopment Strategy (SDS)
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Comornity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that	R = No	
has been identified as	G = Yes	
suitable for development in the SDS?		
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	A = Medium risk	Amber: Site subject to surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the		
development of this site have		
on Green Belt purposes, and		
other matters important to		
the special character of		
Cambridge and setting?		

the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City. To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge Key views of Cambridge / Important views Soft green edge to the City The Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. To mitigation To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge Key views of Cambridge / Important views The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would infectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would infectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would infectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would infectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site. The proposed development site would be reduced the site are currently of farmland, hedgerows, woodland and farm buildings. This soft green edge would be retained to Cambridge Road. Whilst the character of the existing edge would not be retained, the landscape impact of a partial development of the site would be limited by a partial development of the site would be limited by a partial development of the site would be limited by a partial deve	To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core To prevent communities in	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 2.33km ACF A = Some impact, but	Amber: The site lies approximately 2300m from the historic Centre. The development site is large, open and gently sloping down towards the A14 to the north. Amber: The development of
quality of the setting of Cambridge Mathematical Cambridge Mathematical Cambridge	the environs of Cambridge from merging into one	·	the whole site would bring built development closer to Impington on the west of Histon Road. Retention of hedges and woodland and a set back of the development from Cambridge Road and the A14 would provide mitigation. Orchard Park to the east already being
Important views Soft green edge to the City R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. Red: The development would impact on the existing soft green edge to the city. Views into the site are currently of farmland, hedgerows, woodland and farm buildings. This soft green edge would be lost alongside the A14 where it would be replaced by a mort formal green edge with landscaped soil bunds planted with trees and hedgerows. The soft edge would be retained to Cambridge Road. Whilst the character of the existing edge would not be retained, the landscape impact of a partial development of the site would be limited by a	quality of the setting of Cambridge	medium/minor impacts	Amber: The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site.
away from the A14 and Cambridge Road and retention of hedgerows and woodland. Distinctive urban edge G = Not present Green:	Important views Soft green edge to the City	on views R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation.	would impact on the existing soft green edge to the city. Views into the site are currently of farmland, hedgerows, woodland and farm buildings. This soft green edge would be lost alongside the A14 where it would be replaced by a more formal green edge with landscaped soil bunds planted with trees and hedgerows. The soft edge would be retained to Cambridge Road. Whilst the character of the existing edge would not be retained, the landscape impact of a partial development of the site would be limited by a setback of development away from the A14 and Cambridge Road and retention of hedgerows and woodland.

Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: The proposed development site would not affect Green Corridors.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	A= Negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: The development of the whole site would bring built development closer to Impington on the west of Histon Road and would risk effectively connecting Impington to Cambridge to the south and east, forming a continuous block of development. Retention of hedges and woodland and a set back of the development from Histon Road and the A14 could provide mitigation. Orchard Park to the east already being developed.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The landscape is open and rural, despite adjoining the A14 to the north. The skyline is currently formed by hedges and trees with only limited development visible at Wellbrook Way.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Minor and Minor/Negligible impacts	Amber: Development at this site would have negative impacts on the green belt purposes but mitigation possible.
Impact on national Nature C	onservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: Girton College listed Grade II* lies over 400m from the site and is separated from it by suburban housing. Impington Farm consists of a group of three former farm buildings located tight in the corner formed by the old

Part B: Deliverability and off Criteria Is there a suitable access to the site?	Performance A = Yes, with mitigation	Cambridge Road and the A14. The farmhouse may be of sufficient interest to list. Comments Amber: Access would be onto internal roads in the NIAB1 and NIAB2 sites which will link to both Histon Road and Huntingdon Road. Highways Authority have concerns about how cycle provision would be dealt with.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber:
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: The Highways Agency have not commented on this site. Regarding sites elsewhere close to the A14 they have commented that such sites are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. It can be expected that this development would generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge. Limitations on the county's network could result in localised diversionary trips on the A14 and M11 and may limit the capacity of these routes to accommodate new development. Conversely, this location is likely to be able to be served by public transport or non-motorised modes. Transport modelling needs to be undertaken as part of the overall spatial strategy work to understand the implications as a whole of further development on the transport network.

Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: The phasing of development between Histon Road and Huntingdon Road if this site were to be allocated will need careful consideration of access points and the avoidance of construction traffic passing through residential areas.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - Significant reinforcement and new network required. Pylon line crosses the site. Mains water - The site falls within the Cambridge distribution zone of the Cambridge Water Company (CWC), within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within the Cambridge distribution zone to supply the total number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and/or a new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas – Cambridge is connected to the national gas grid. A development of this scale would require

		substantial network reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the Cambridge works to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a pre-development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new schools. A full assessment will be required. Providing sufficient school capacity may have knock-on implications for the site area and floor space requirements of the primary and secondary schools planned for between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road.
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	A = Site or a significant part of it falls within an allocated or safeguarded area, development would have minor negative impacts	Amber: The majority of this site falls within the Minerals Safeguarding Area for sand and gravel. However, given the size of the site and its proximity to sensitive uses i.e. residential development, it is unlikely to be worked as an economic resource. If the site is allocated and developed any mineral extracted should be used in a sustainable manner. Site is not allocated / identified for a mineral or waste management use through the adopted

		Minerals and Waste Core Strategy or Site Specific Proposals Plan. It does not fall within a WWTW* or Transport Zone Safeguarding Area; or a Minerals or Waste Consultation Area.
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Amber: Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height. No erection of buildings, structures or works exceeding 90m/295ft in height.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the	A = 400-800m	Amber: A new District or
nearest District or Local centre?		Local Centre is to be
How far is the nearest	A = 400-800m	provided on the NIAB1 site. Amber: A new health facility
health centre or GP service	A = 400-600111	is to be provided on the
in Cambridge?		NIAB1 site.
Would development lead to	G = Development would not	Green:
a loss of community	lead to the loss of any	Green.
facilities?	community facilities or	
	appropriate mitigation	
	possible	
Site integration with existing	G = Good scope for	Green: Site can be master
communities?	integration with existing	planned alongside the
	communities / of sufficient	adjacent NIAB2 site, and
	scale to create a new	benefit from services and
	community	facilities provided at both
How far is the nearest	C atkm or non housing	the NIAB sites. Green: A new school is to
secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large	be built on the NIAB 2 site
Secondary School:	enough to provide new	in South Cambridgeshire.
	school	The area of the school site
	3011001	may need to be increased
		to accommodate extra pupil
		numbers.
How far is the nearest	City preference:	Amber/Green: 0.50km ACF
primary school?		- to site of new primary
	A = 400-800m	school on the Orchard Park
	0000	site but across Histon Road,
	SCDC:	0.58km ACF to the
	G = <1km or non housing	proposed school on the NIAB2 site,
	G = <1km or non housing	INIADZ SILE,

	allocation or site large enough to provide new	
	school	
Would development protect	G = No effect or would	Green:
the shopping hierarchy,	support the vitality and	
supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge,	viability of existing centres	
Town, District and Local		
Centres?		
Accessibility to outdoor fac		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Criteria Waydadayalanmant rasult	Performance	Croons
Would development result in the loss of land protected	G=No	Green:
by Cambridge Local Plan		
policy 4/2 or South		
Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of		
its Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space	G=Yes	
be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space		
or South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve	GG = Development would	Green: The landowners
any protected open space	create the opportunity to	propose substantial areas
would development of the	deliver significantly	of new public open space
site be able to increase the	enhanced provision of new	between NIAB2 and Girton and south of the A14
quantity and quality of publically accessible open	public open spaces in excess of adopted plan	between the new
space / outdoor sports	standards	development and the A14.
facilities and achieve the		·
minimum standards of		
onsite public open space (OS) provision?		
(OS) provision:		
Supporting Economic Grov		Comments
Criteria How far is the nearest main	Performance A = 1-3km	Comments 1.52km ACF – nearest
employment centre?	A = 1-0KIII	employment 2000+
		employees
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green:
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	
land identified in the Employment Land Review?	employment development	
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green:

development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas	
areas or carriorage.	(LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green:
transport service is	transport service	
accessible at the edge of the site?		
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	3.47km ACF – to new
existing or proposed train	11 = >000111	Science Park Station from
station?		approximate centre of site.
What type of cycle routes	G = Quiet residential street	Green: Subject to there
are accessible near to the	speed below 30mph, cycle	being good links from the
site?	lane with 1.5m minimum	development to the
	width, high quality off-road	proposed orbital cycle route
	path e.g. cycleway adjacent	to the southeast. There should also be a
	to guided busway.	cycle/pedestrian link to
		Thornton Way.
		The men tray.
SCDC Would development	RR = Score 0-4 from 4	Total Score = 22
reduce the need to travel	criteria below	
and promote sustainable	R = Score 5-9 from 4	
transport choices:	criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4	
	criteria below	
	G = Score 15-19 from 4	
	criteria below	
	GG = Score 19-24 from 4	
	criteria below	
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Within 400m (6)	266m ACF to nearest bus
Distance to a bus stop / rail station		stop.
SCDC Sub-indicator:	20 minute service (4)	20 minute service (Citi 8)
Frequency of Public	20 milate service (4)	20 minute service (oil o)
Transport		
SCDC Sub-Indicator:	20 minutes or less (6)	Citi 8 service: 12 minute
Typical public transport		journey time. (Arbury,
journey time to Cambridge		Brownlow Road -
City Centre		Cambridge, Emmanuel
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	Street). 2.33km ACF
Distance for cycling to City	Op to 3km (6)	Z.JORIII AOF
Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	R = Within or adjacent to an	Red: Air Quality: The
an AQMA, the M11 or the	AQMA, M11 or A14	majority of the site is within
A14?		SCDC's declared Air
		Quality Management Area

(as a result of exceedences of the national objectives for annual mean nitrogen dioxide and daily mean PM10, SCDC designated an area along both sides of the A14 between Milton and Bar Hill as an AQMA). Due to this the concerns are twofold. Firstly the introduction of additional residential receptors and members of the public into an area with poor air quality with potential adverse health impact and secondly the development itself and related emissions e.g. heating and transport having an adverse impact on the existing AQMA and pollutant levels.

Proposals for a mixed residential / commercial development or a commercial / recreational type uses such as Community Stadium within or adjacent to SCDC' Air Quality Management Area has the potential to have a significant adverse impact on local air quality which is not consistent with the Local Air Quality Action Plan. Extensive and detailed air quality assessments including dispersion modelling will be required to assess the cumulative impacts of this and other proposed developments within the locality on air quality along with provision of a Low Emissions Strategy. Any Air Quality Impact assessment should address not only the impacts in the immediate vicinity of the development but also the wider impacts on air quality within the AQMA including cumulative impacts with other

		developments in the area.
		developments in the area. On balance Env Health object to the allocation of residential development within the designated air quality management area until noise and air quality impact assessments can demonstrate with a reasonable degree of certainly that it will be technically possible and viable to avoid, mitigate or reduce noise and air quality impacts to prevent new development on site from contributing to or being put at unacceptable risk from, or being adversely affected by unacceptable levels of air and noise pollution. Consideration of commercial/recreational use within this area may be given to those proposals that can demonstrate with a reasonable degree of certainty that it will be possible to mitigate potential impacts on air quality. The proposer has supplied an assessment which shows that the site can be developed to a satisfactory standard taking into account air quality issues. This report does not address short term exposure to PM10 or the impacts of such development on air quality. A map of the AQMA can be
		found at the end of this assessment.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Amber: See above.
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: NOISE: Road Transport General: The North of the site bounds the A14, the A14 / Histon

junction / roundabout is immediately to the North East and Histon Road lies immediately to the East.

Very high levels of ambient / diffuse traffic noise dominant the noise environment both during the day and night. Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment.

The majority of the site is likely to be old PPG 24 NEC C / D (empty site) for night: PPG24 advice "Planning permission should not normally be granted. Where it is considered that permission should be given, for example because there are no alternative quieter sites available, conditions should be imposed to ensure a commensurate level of protection against noise" or planning permission should be refused.

Residential could be acceptable with high level of mitigation: combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic noise (single aspect, limited height, sealed nonopenable windows on façade facing A14 / Histon Road, acoustically treated

Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator? Are there potential odour	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation G = No adverse effects or	alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Commercial shielding or noise berms / barriers options along A14. It is preferable to avoid noise from giving rise to significant adverse impacts on health and quality of life as a result of new development and or mitigate or reduce to minimum. Before any consideration is given to allocating the site for residential development, it is recommended that this noise threat / constraint is thoroughly investigated and assessed having regard to / in accordance with industry best practice / guidance to determine the suitability of the site for residential use. This site requires a full noise assessment including consideration of any noise attenuation measures such as noise barriers / berms and practical / technical feasibility / financial viability. The proposer has supplied an assessment which shows that the site can be developed to a satisfactory standard taking into account noise issues. Green:
problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	capable of full mitigation	
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	Amber:
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green:

zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause	
pollution in the area.	

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green:
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green:
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green:
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: The site is located in an area of high archaeological potential. The Iron Age ringwork Arbury Camp was located to the immediate east (HER 08479) and croprmarks of probable Iron Age or Roman enclosures are known to the west (HER 08955, 08956). Elements of this cropmark complex clearly extend into the proposal area. Archaeological excavations are currently underway in advance of development to south, with evidence for Iron Age and Roman settlement (HER ECB3788). County Historic Environment Team advise that further information regarding the extent and significance of archaeology in the area would be necessary. This should include the results of field

survey to determine whether the impact of development could be managed through
mitigation.

Making Efficient Use of Land			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	R = Significant loss (20 ha or more) of grades 1 and 2 land	Red: All of the site under the control of the proposer is grade 2 land (note the area proposed for built development would be less than 20ha in area but not retained as agricultural land).	
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No significant PDL on site.	
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:	
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure		
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	G = Does not contain, is not adjacent to or local area will be developed as greenspace	Green:	
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	A = No significant opportunities or loss of existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber:	
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links	Green: Greatest impact likely to be from the extensive loss of open farmland leading to impact upon farmland species including brown hare and farmland birds. Badgers and Barn Owls also noted in submitted ecology survey.	
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:	
Any other information not captured above?			
Electricity pylon line crosses eastern part of site which would constrain development if not sunk underground.			

Allotments gardens on easter Area.	n side of Histon Road are a 'Pro	otected Village Amenity
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A= Some constraints or	Amber:
allowing scope for mitigation)	adverse impacts	- Adverse impact on Green Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts	Amber: - Noise and air quality constraints due to proximity to A14
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	

Map of part of the A14 AQMA

